

Workforce Disability Equality Standard (WDES) Report 2023-24

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Date Workforce Disability Equality Standard reported to the Board of Directors:

October 2024

Date published: 31st October 2024

Date last updated: 30th October 2024

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- Nationally, it is known, based on various sources of data and lived experiences, that
 disabled colleagues have a poorer experience of working within the NHS. Our workforce
 consists of people with varied disabilities and long-term health conditions. They include a
 whole range of hidden and often changing conditions that will affect different individuals in
 different ways, in terms of their ability to work, so we need to cater for all their bespoke
 needs.
- At MFT we are committed to improving those lived experiences and strive towards creating an inclusive culture where being disabled is not a barrier to progression, allows individuals to feel safe in the workplace and difference is embraced.
- The importance of disability equality is embedded into the NHS People Plan 2020 where it states 'The NHS must welcome all, with a culture of belonging and trust. We must understand, encourage and celebrate diversity in all its forms'. The People Promise declares 'a commitment to creating and maintaining a compassionate and inclusive culture where diversity is valued and celebrated as a critical component, and not just a desirable one.' The Trust must also meet its legal obligations under the Equality Act 2010 and The Human Rights Act 1998.
- MFT's <u>Diversity Matters Strategy 2019-2024</u>, is currently being reviewed and an updated version is being developed for 2024-2028, where the voices of our workforce will be key to our aims and objectives. This approach is also strengthened by the <u>NHS EDI Improvement Plan</u>, which sets out targeted actions to address the prejudice and discrimination direct and indirect that exists through behaviour, policies, practices and cultures against certain groups and individuals across the NHS workforce.
- As a Trust we want to focus on working in partnership with our patients, service users and workforce, to change our workforce systems, rather than trying to change individuals. This enables our staff to thrive and deliver the best possible services and care to the people of Manchester, Trafford and surrounding areas.

- Each year the Trust is required to publish <u>Workforce Disability Equality Standard (WDES)</u>
 <u>data</u>. The WDES was mandated for all Trust's from April 2017. It is included in the <u>NHS</u>
 <u>Standard Contract</u>.
- The WDES is a set of ten specific measures (metrics) that enable NHS organisations to compare the experiences of Disabled and Non-disabled staff. This information informs the development of an action plan to demonstrate progress against the metrics to improve equality and inclusion for Disabled staff.
- The WDES is important because research shows that a motivated, included and valued workforce helps to deliver high quality patient care, increased patient satisfaction and improved patient safety. It supports positive change for existing employees and enables a more inclusive environment for disabled people working in the NHS.
- The following information in the report details key findings from the data collated for 2023/2024, comparisons of data from previous years, the progress made and actions that will be implemented to address the findings. We have included detailed data for each indicator where possible, ensuring that individuals cannot be identified. The data for the NHS Staff Survey 2023 indicators were made available and is included. In this report, we have used the data from NHS Staff Survey 2023, as the results of the 2024 survey will not be available until after October 2024.
- EDI Team is working with the Workforce Planning & Information Team to gather detailed
 data for the remaining indicators, which will be included in next year's report. By breaking
 down the data for WDES indicators and considering intersectionality, we aim to ensure that
 our equality efforts reflect the real experiences of our diverse staff. This approach will help
 MFT stay accountable, build trust and create meaningful positive change.
- At the time of writing this report, NHS England's latest report had not been released, so we do not have the national comparative data for this year.
- We encourage anyone reading this report, to give us feedback about the contents and suggest improvements, so that we can enable appropriate and effective lived experiences for our diverse colleagues.

WDES Metrics



There are ten (10) WDES metrics. Three (3) metrics focus on workforce data; Five (5) are based on questions from the NHS Staff Survey; One (1) metric focuses on disability representation on boards; One (1) metric (metric 9b) focuses on the voices of Disabled staff. Based on the requirement from the National team, the Trust submitted the WDES data for Metrics 1 – 3, and Metric 9b and Metric 10 on the National Data Collection Framework (DCF) on 31st May 2023. The staff survey results for the Metrics 4 – 9a, are taken directly from the WDES publications available on the NHS Staff Survey website.

WDES Metrics

Workforce metrics: For the following three metrics, compare the data for both Disabled and non-disabled staff.

- 1. Percentage of staff in AfC (Agenda for Change) paybands or medical and dental subgroups and very senior managers (including Executive Board members) compared with the percentage of staff in the overall workforce. This calculation should be undertaken separately for non-clinical and for clinical staff for clusters 1 to 4. Data Sourced from ESR
- 2. Relative likelihood of non-disabled staff compared to disabled staff being appointed from shortlisting across all posts. Data Sourced from ESR
- 3. Relative likelihood of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff entering the formal capability process, as measured by entry into the formal capability procedure. Data Sourced from HR records

National NHS Staff Survey metrics (or equivalent): For each of the following four metrics, compare the responses for both Disabled and non-disabled staff. Data Sourced from NHSS

- **4.** Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff experiencing harassment, bullying or abuse from: a) Patients/service users, their relatives or other members of the public b) Managers c) Other colleagues, d) Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff saying that the last time they experienced harassment, bullying or abuse at work, they or a colleague reported it.
- 5. Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff believing that the Organisation provides equal opportunities for career progression or promotion.
- 6. Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff saying that they have felt pressure from their manager to come to work, despite not feeling well enough to perform their duties.
- 7. Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff saying that they are satisfied with the extent to which their organisation values their work.
- **8.** The following NHS Staff Survey metric only includes the responses of Disabled staff Percentage of disabled staff saying that their employer has made reasonable adjustment(s) to enable them to carry out their work.
- 9. NHS Staff Survey and the engagement of disabled staff For part a)compare the staff engagement scores for Disabled, non-disabled staff.
- a)The staff engagement score for Disabled staff, compared to nondisabled staff.
- b) Have you taken action to facilitate the voices of disabled staff in your organisation to be heard (Yes or No)?

Board representation metric: For this metric, compare the difference for Disabled and non-disabled staff.

- **10.** Percentage difference between the organisation's Board voting membership and its organisation's overall workforce, disaggregated:
- By voting and non-voting membership of the board.
- By Executive and non-exec membership of the board.

Data Sourced from ESR

Data Limitations



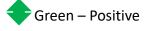
- Five of the WDES metrics (4 to 9a) are drawn from questions in the National NHS staff survey (NHSS).
- The reliability of the data drawn from those metrics is dependent upon the overall size of samples surveyed, the response rates to the survey questions, and whether the numbers of disabled staff are large enough to not undermine confidence in the data.
- For WDES, the National NHS staff survey (NHSS) Benchmark report has been used
 - 5 Benchmarking groups
 - NHS organisations vary in the services they provide and relatedly, the challenges they face. Organisations are assigned to a benchmarking group based on the services they offer. This means that comparisons are only made between organisations of a similar type and ensures comparisons are fair. In the benchmark reports organisations' results are presented in the context of their benchmarking group's best, average and worst results.
- In this report, we have used the data from NHS Staff Survey 2023, as the results of the 2024 survey will not be available until after October 2024.
- Data by Pay Band is not available for NHS Staff survey indicators EDI team is working with OD Team to extract this data for next years report.
- EDI team is also working with the Workforce Planning & Information Team to add detailed data for the other indicators in next year's report.
- This year, we have included data from Sodexo. However, the systems Sodexo uses to track staff on the Agenda for Change have limitations and recording is not fully effective. The EDI team is working with Sodexo to address these challenges and find better ways to capture data, aiming to improve the experiences of our Sodexo staff.

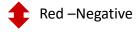
Definitions



	Definitions as per Technical Guidance by NHS England WDES Team.
Term	Definitions
Disabled staff	Disabled staff refers to those staff who have recorded a disability in Electronic Staff Record (ESR).
Non-disabled staff	Non-Disabled staff may include staff who are disabled but have not recorded it.
Unknown	Unknown disability status (i.e., staff who have either indicated that they 'Prefer not to say' or have not responded to the disability monitoring question in ESR)
Clusters	 The WDES standard requires organisations to 'group' staff into 'clusters.' Cluster 1: AfC Band 1, 2, 3 and 4 Cluster 2: AfC Band 5, 6 and 7 Cluster 3: AfC Band 8a and 8b Cluster 4: AfC Band 8c, 8d, 9 and VSM (including Executive Board members) Cluster 5: Medical and Dental staff, Consultants Cluster 6: Medical and Dental staff, non-consultant career grade Cluster 7: Medical and Dental staff, Medical and Dental trainee grades

Yearly Comparison Table

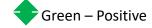


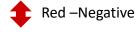




	WDES Metrics		Year							
			2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	Trend	Difference between 2022 and 2023
	Percentage of staff in Agenda for Change (AfC) pay-bands or medical and dental subgroups and very senior managers (including Executive Board members) compared with the percentage of staff in the overall workforce.	Overall	2.80%	3.00%	3.20%	3.70%	4.00%	4.50%		0.50%
1	* Non-clinical, Clinical and Medical/Dental comparison data shown in the table	Non-clinical*	3.10%	3.40%	3.70%	4.70%	5.30%	5.60%		0.30%
	represents % of disabled staff within each category (example: in 2023, 5.3% of all non-clinical staff in the Trust are disabled)	Clinical*	2.90%	3.10%	3.30%	3.70%	3.90%	4.50%		0.60%
2	Relative likelihood of non-disabled staff compared to disabled staff being appointed from shortlisting across all posts			1.53	1.65	1.29	1.36	1.04	A	-0.32
3	Relative likelihood of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff entering the formal capability process on the grounds of performance, as measured by entry into the formal capability procedure.			7.97	0	5.34	5.06	3.04		-2.02
	Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff experiencing	Disabled	26.90%	28.40%	25.70%	32.80%	30.30%	27.79%	~	-2.51% 👃
4a	harassment, bullying or abuse from Patients/Service users, their relatives or other members of the public.	Non-disabled	21.50%	22.90%	20.00%	24.50%	24.40%	21.35%	~~	-3.05%
	Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff experiencing	Disabled	19.00%	18.50%	20.80%	22.30%	21.60%	15.54%		-6.06% 🖶
4b	harassment, bullying or abuse from Managers	Non-disabled	10.70%	9.50%	11.40%	11.40%	11.40%	8.48%		-2.92%
4.	Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff experiencing harassment, bullying or abuse from colleagues	Disabled	24.90%	24.90%	27.30%	29.90%	27.10%	24.18%		-2.92% 🔱
40		Non-disabled	15.80%	15.50%	16.10%	17.90%	17.80%	15.22%		-2.58%
	Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff saying that the last	Disabled	44.60%	47.90%	47.00%	47.50%	46.50%	51.21%	/	4.71%
4d	4d time they experienced harassment, bullying or abuse at work, they or a colleague reported it.		45.00%	46.20%	44.30%	44.90%	44.50%	47.69%		3.19%

Yearly Comparison Table







					Year					
	WDES Metrics		2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	Trend	Difference between 2023 and 2024
	Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff	Disabled	49.00%	50.00%	50.40%	48.20%	44.60%	47.51%		2.91%
5	believing that the Trust provides equal opportunities for career progression or promotion.	Non- disabled	58.40%	58.80%	56.50%	55.30%	53.90%	55.88%		1.98%
	Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff saying	Disabled	31.80%	31.70%	34.90%	32.80%	31.40%	26.69%		-4.71%
6	·	Non- disabled	21.50%	20.60%	23.50%	21.70%	21.60%	18.45%	~~	-3.15%
	Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff saying	Disabled	36.00%	40.50%	39.30%	30.80%	30.10%	34.70%		4.60%
7	that they are satisfied with the extent to which their organisation values their work.	Non- disabled	49.50%	51.60%	49.30%	42.50%	40.90%	45.67%		4.77%
8	Percentage of disabled staff saying that their employer has made reasonable adjustment(s) to enable them to carry out their work.	Disabled	69.70%	71.10%	70.70%	64.40%	63.80%	70.09%		6.29%
	The staff engagement score for Disabled staff, compared to non-	Disabled	6.64	6.59	6.53	6.2	6.04	6.36		0.32
9	disabled staff.	Non- disabled	7.2	7.18	7.11	6.84	6.63	6.89		0.26
10	Percentage difference between the organisation's board voting membership and its organisation's overall workforce, disaggregated		5.90%	5.60%	5.60%	5.60%	5.60%	5.88%	/	0.28%

Key Finding 2023-2024



Workforce and Board Representation

The proportion of disabled staff at MFT increased by 0.5%, rising from 4% in 22/23 to 4.5% in 23/24, but disabled staff remain underrepresented in senior roles, particularly in clinical positions.

The number of board members who declared disability has increased from **5.6%** to **5.8%** this year.

Out of **17** Board members, only **1(5.88%)** has disclosed a disability, and **9 (53%)** have not declared their status.

Declaration rates are lower across all bands compared to last year. The highest rate this year is **13.33%** at **Band 1**, whereas in 22/23, the highest was **20% at Bands 5 and 6**.

Career Progression

The percentage of disabled staff who believe that the Trust provides equal opportunities for career progression or promotion **increased by 2.9%**, rising from **44.6%** in **22/23** to **47.5%** in **23/24**.

Recruitment

The relative likelihood of non-disabled staff being appointed from shortlisting, compared to disabled staff, decreased from **1.36** in **22/23** to **1.04** in **23/24**. While this change is positive, the improvement is minimal.

Capability

The relative likelihood of disabled staff entering the formal capability process, compared to non-disabled staff, decreased from 5.06 in 22/23 to 3.04 in 23/24.

However, disabled staff are still more likely to enter the formal capability process than non-disabled staff.

Bullying & Harassment

Bullying and harassment towards disabled staff from patients, service users, relatives, and the public **decreased** from **30.30%** in **22/23** to **27.79%** in **23/24**.

Reports of bullying and harassment by managers also saw a decline of 6.06%, from 21.60% in 22/23 to 15.54% in 23/24.

Incidents of bullying and harassment from colleagues decreased by 2.9%, from 27.1% in 22/23 to 24.2% in 23/24.

Additionally, there was a **4.7%** increase in the number of disabled staff reporting incidents, rising from **46.5%** in **22/23** to **51.1%** in **23/24**.

Pressure to come to work and Feeling Valued

The percentage of disabled staff feeling pressured to come to work decreased by 4.7%, from 31.4% in 22/23 to 26.7% in 23/24.

There was a **4.6% increase** in the number of disabled staff who feel their work is valued, rising from **30.1%** in **22/23** to **34.7%** in **23/24**.

Reasonable adjustments

There is a **6.3% increase** in the number of disabled staff reporting that their employer has made reasonable adjustments to help them carry out their work, rising from **63.8%** in **22/23** to **70.1%** in **23/24**.

Staff Engagement

The staff engagement score for disabled staff **increased by 0.3** points.

However, the score remains lower for **disabled staff at 6.36** compared to **6.89 for non-disabled** staff.

For the NHS Staff Survey Metrics, the number of disabled staff who responded to the NHS staff survey are more than the total number of staff who declared disability on ESR within MFT.

Last year, the national report highlighted concerns around bullying and harassment, reasonable adjustments, and staff engagement. While there has been improvement in these areas at MFT this year, we are still awaiting the national ranking from NHS England – the National report will be available after October 2024.

Overall the metrics are positive but the percentage is still minimal - For example, Metric 1, 2, 9, 10 shows improvements but it is minimal

Disaggregated data for NHS Staff Survey indicators based on ethnicity, religion, sexual orientation, age and staff group is included in this report. However, data by pay band and other indicators is not available currently.

WDES Metric 1

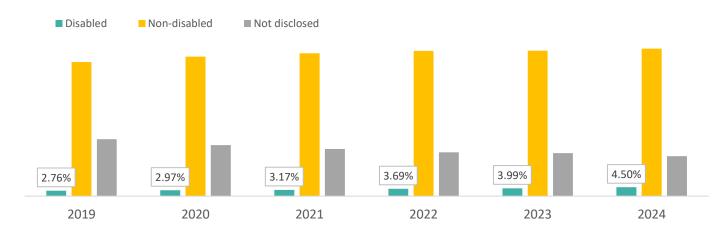


Percentage of staff in AfC (Agenda for Change) paybands or medical and dental subgroups and very senior managers (including Executive Board members) compared with the percentage of staff in the overall workforce.

To be calculated separately for non-clinical and for clinical staff for clusters 1 to 4.

Overall staff in MFT by Disability: 2019 – 2024 as of 31 March 2024.

		Headcount		Percentages				
Year	Disabled	Non-disabled	Not disclosed	Disabled	Non-disabled	Not disclosed		
2019	6,05	14,984	6,356	2.76%	68.28%	28.96%		
2020	7,07	16,911	6,188	2.97%	71.04%	25.99%		
2021	7,89	18,116	5,991	3.17%	72.77%	24.06%		
2022	1,029	20,602	6,219	3.69%	73.97%	22.33%		
2023	1,146	21,280	6,286	3.99%	74.12%	21.89%		
2024	1,396	23,325	6,313	4.50%	75.16%	20.34%		



- As of 31 March 2024, the total headcount at MFT is 31,034, which includes Sodexo staff employed by MFT and those on the Agenda for Change.
- The Data shows that the percentage of staff declaring a disability at the Trust continues to increase.
- In MFT 1396 staff recorded a disability (4.5%), which is an increase from last year's data of 1,146 (3.99%).
- The non-disclosure rate remains notably high, though there has been a decrease in recent years. This year, the proportion of staff choosing not to disclose a disability reduced by 1.6% compared to the previous year, dropping from 21.9% in 22/23 to 20.3% in 23/24. There has been an emphasis on updating of disability status on ESR (Electronic Staff Record).
- The national average data for comparison from NHS England is not available at the time of this report's publication.



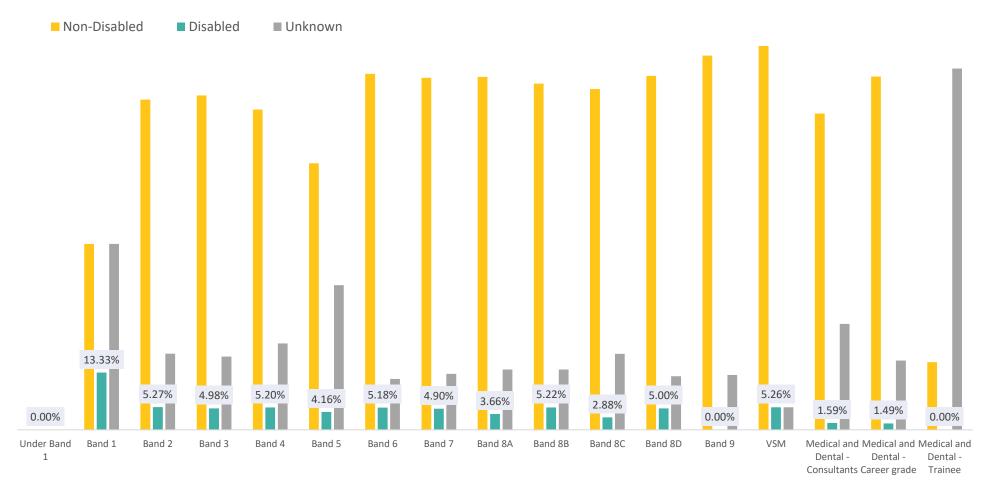
Overall staff in MFT by Clusters, Pay Bands & Grades as at 31 March 2024.

Charles (Day and la	Headcount			Percentage			Total
Cluster/Pay scale	Non-Disabled	Disabled	Unknown	Non-Disabled	Disabled	Unknown	Headcount
Cluster 1	8114	549	1925	76.63%	5.19%	18.18%	10588
Under Band 1	0	0	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0
Bands 1	26	8	26	43.33%	13.33%	43.33%	60
Bands 2	2952	202	680	77.00%	5.27%	17.74%	3834
Bands 3	3285	210	720	77.94%	4.98%	17.08%	4215
Bands 4	1851	129	499	74.67%	5.20%	20.13%	2479
Cluster 2	11198	710	3280	73.73%	4.67%	21.60%	15188
Bands 5	4095	274	2222	62.13%	4.16%	33.71%	6591
Bands 6	4339	271	619	82.98%	5.18%	11.84%	5229
Bands 7	2764	165	439	82.07%	4.90%	13.03%	3368
Cluster 3	1637	81	281	81.89%	4.05%	14.06%	1999
Bands 8a	1235	55	211	82.28%	3.66%	14.06%	1501
Bands 8b	402	26	70	80.72%	5.22%	14.06%	498
Cluster 4	401	17	68	82.51%	3.50%	13.99%	486
Bands 8c	193	7	43	79.42%	2.88%	17.70%	243
Bands 8d	99	6	15	82.50%	5.00%	12.50%	120
Bands 9	41	0	6	87.23%	0.00%	12.77%	47
VSM	68	4	4	89.47%	5.26%	5.26%	76
Cluster 5	1159	25	388	73.73%	1.59%	24.68%	1572
Medical & Dental Staff, Consultants	1159	25	388	73.73%	1.59%	24.68%	1572
Cluster 6	775	14	152	82.36%	1.49%	16.15%	941
Medical & Dental Staff, Non-Consultants career grade	775	14	152	82.36%	1.49%	16.15%	941
Cluster 7	41	0	219	15.77%	0.00%	84.23%	260
Medical & Dental Staff, Medical and dental trainee grades	41	0	219	15.77%	0.00%	84.23%	260
Grand Total	23325	1396	6313	75.16%	4.50%	20.34%	31034

- The overall headcount for the Trust is 31,.034, which includes
 - 1,396 (4.50%) disabled staff, which is 250 (0.5%) more in comparison to last year.
 - 23,325 (74.12%) non-disabled staff,
 - 6313 (20.34%) staff who have not responded to the disability monitoring question in ESR. Which is 1.6% less in comparison to last years deceleration.
- Cluster 2 has the majority of workforce 15,188 and the number of staff who have recorded a disability is the highest here at 4.67% (710).
- In Clusters, 7 (84.23%), 5 (24.68%) and 2 (21.60%), the number of staff who have not responded/recorded their disability status is highest.
- The general trend of declaration rates decreasing as salary band increases, is consistent.



Overall staff in MFT by Pay Band and Grade as at 31 March 2024.



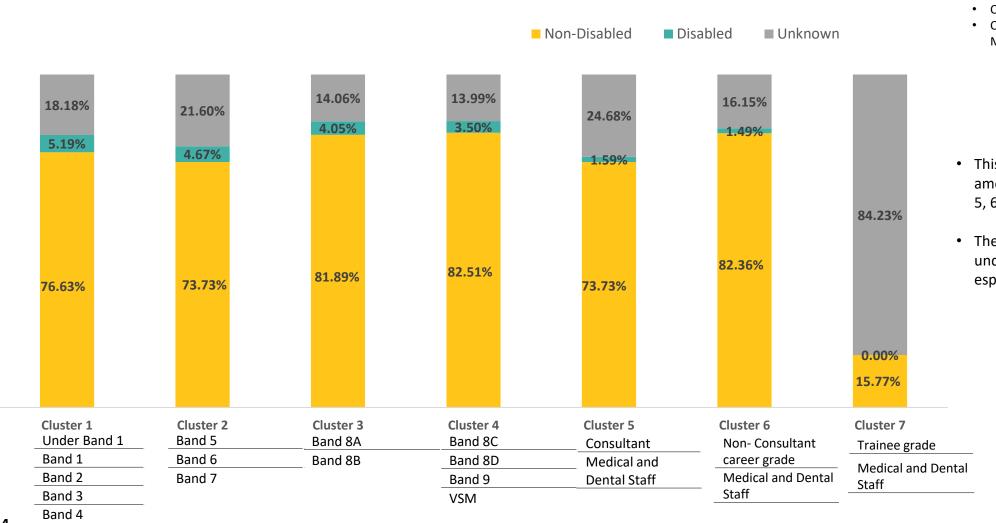
- The declaration rate across all bands is significantly lower this year compared to last year. The highest rate in 23/24 is 13.33% in Band 1, whereas last year, declaration rates were much higher across several bands, with Bands 5 and 6 reaching 20%.
- In Band 9, out of 47 staff members 6 have not disclosed a disability, consistent with last year, when no disabilities were recorded in the medical and dental trainee grade.
- Overall, there are 20% of staff members who have not recorded any status unknown.



Overall – Clinical and Non-Clinical Clusters as at 31st March 2024



Cluster 1 to 4 comprises of both Clinical and



- Non-clinical roles. • Cluster 5 to 7 contains only Clinical staff.
- Clinical roles can have both Non-medical, Medical & Dental staff.

- This Metric shows that declaration rates among medical and dental staff (cluster 5, 6 and 7) are particularly low.
- The data shows that disabled staff are under-represented in senior roles, especially in clinical roles.

Non-Clinical Clusters as at 31st March 2024

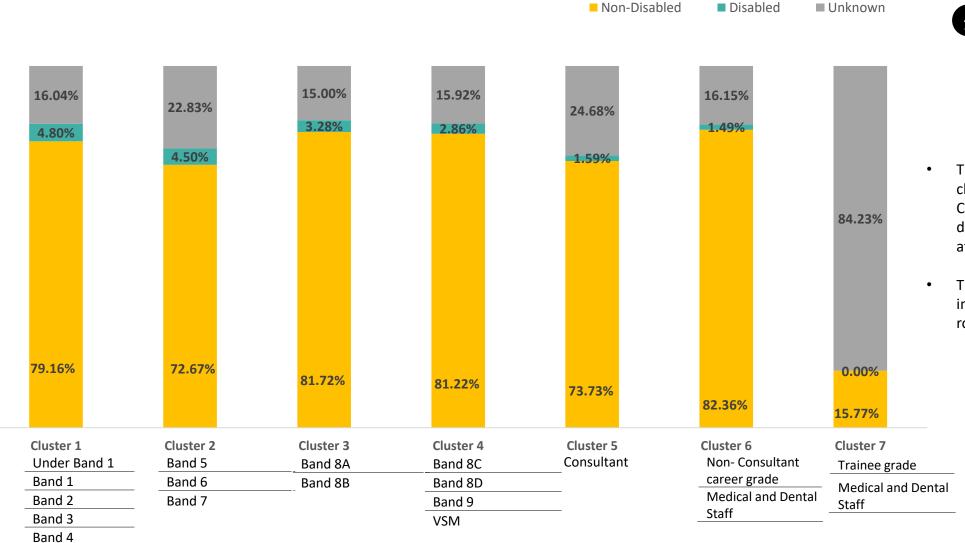




Only Clusters 1 to 4 contains Non-clinical staff

Clinical Clusters as at 31st March 2024



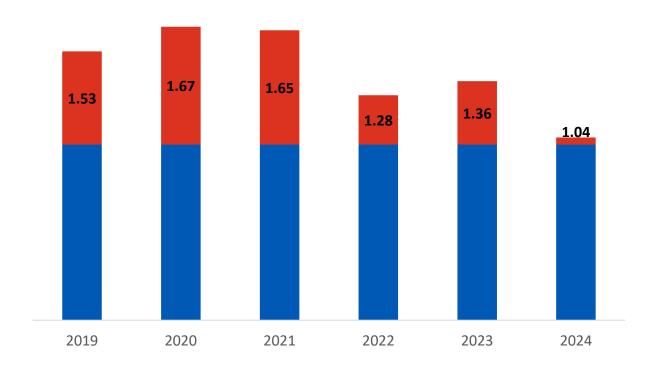


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- Cluster 1 to 4 comprises of both Clinical and Non-clinical roles.
- Cluster 5 to 7 contains only clinical roles.
- Clinical roles contains both Non-medical, Medical & Dental Staff
- This metric shows that declaration rates in clusters 5,6 is particularly low and in Cluster 7 the staff members who have not declared/recorded disability is the highest at 84.23%.
- The disabled staff are under-represented in senior roles at MFT, especially in clinical roles.



Relative likelihood of non-disabled staff compared to disabled staff being appointed from shortlisting across all posts: 2019-2023







Relative likelihood compares the likelihood of non-disabled and disabled staff being appointed.

A relative likelihood of **1 means** that there is no difference and Disabled applicants are just as likely to be appointed compared to non-disabled applicants.

- A relative likelihood **above 1** indicated by red means that non-disabled applicants are more likely to be appointed compared to Disabled applicants.
- A relative likelihood below 1 indicates that non-disabled applicants are less likely to be appointed from shortlisting compared to Disabled applicants

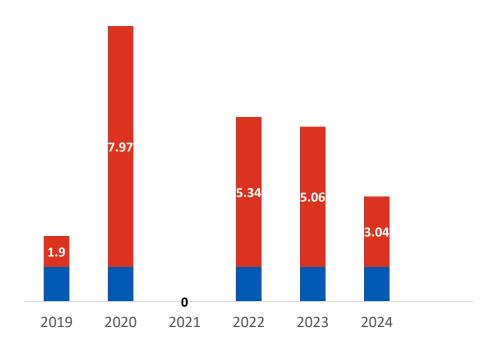
For WDES metrics 2 (Recruitment), **statistical significance is assessed using the 'four-fifths' rule.** If the relative likelihood of an outcome for one subgroup compared to another is less than 0.80 or higher than 1.25, then the process would be identified as having an adverse impact: relative likelihoods between 0.8 and 1.25 suggest there is no significant difference between the subgroups. A lack of statistical significance should not be interpreted as meaning that disabled individuals or disabled staff do not experience inequalities in these areas.

- The relative likelihood of non-disabled staff being appointed from shortlisting compared to disabled staff decreased from 1.36 in 22/23 to 1.04 in 23/24.
- While this reduction is a positive development, the overall improvement remains minimal.
- This metric shows non-disabled applicants are almost one and a half times more likely to be appointed from shortlisting compared to Disabled applicants.
- For the last few years, the Trust has appointed proportionately fewer disabled staff from shortlisting than non-disabled staff.
 - Disaggregated data for this indicator is not available when this report is published.



Relative likelihood of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff entering the formal capability process: 2019-2023

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
1.9	7.97	0	5.34	5.06	3.04





This metric compares the data for Disabled and non-disabled staff in regard to the relative likelihood of entering the formal capability process.

A relative likelihood of **1** means that there is no difference and non-disabled staff are just as likely to enter the formal capability process compared to disabled staff.

- A relative likelihood **above 1** indicated by red means that disabled staff are more likely to enter the formal capability process compared to non-disabled applicants.
- A relative likelihood **below 1** indicates that disabled staff are less likely to enter the formal capability process compared to non-disabled applicants.

If the average number of disabled staff entering the formal capability process (over the last two years) is less than 10, that strongly suggests there are no institutional issues in this area.

For WDES metrics 3 (capability), **statistical significance is assessed using the 'four-fifths' rule**. If the relative likelihood of an outcome for one subgroup compared to another is less than 0.80 or higher than 1.25, then the process would be identified as having an adverse impact: relative likelihoods between 0.8 and 1.25 suggest there is no significant difference between the subgroups. A lack of statistical significance should not be interpreted as meaning that disabled individuals or disabled staff do not experience inequalities in these areas.

- The data covers a two-year rolling average of the current year and previous year. staff entering the capability process from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2024, divided by 2.
- The calculation uses the number of staff going through a capability process for performance management only rather than ill health.
- The relative likelihood of disabled staff entering the formal capability process compared to non-disabled staff decreased from 5.06 in 22/23 to 3.04 in 23/24. Despite this decline, disabled staff remain more likely to enter the formal capability process than their non-disabled counterparts.

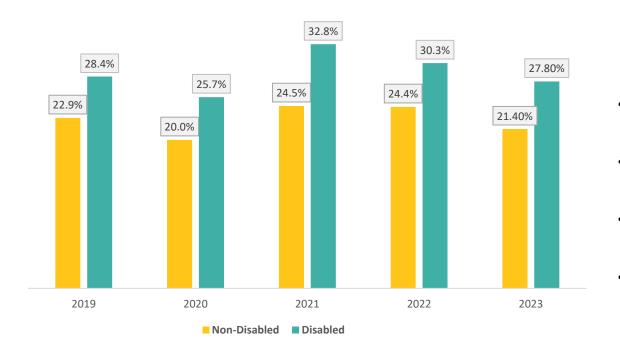
WDES Metric 4a



Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff experiencing harassment, bullying or abuse from: (a) Patients/service users, their relative or other members of the public

METRIC 5

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Disabled	28.4%	25.7%	32.8%	30.3%	27.8%
Non-Disabled	22.9%	20.0%	24.5%	24.4%	21.4%



	Disabled	Non-disabled
Overall Workforce at MFT: 31,034	Overall in MFT 1,396	Overall in MFT 23,325
- 	Responded to NHSS 2569	Responded to NHSS 8254



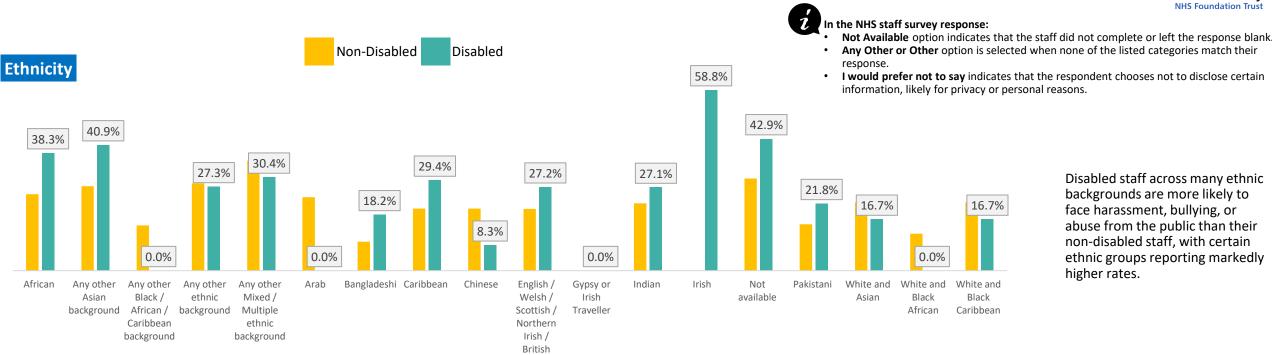
The number of disabled staff who responded to the NHS staff survey, are more than the total number staff who declared a disability on ESR within MFT.

- This data is from the National Staff Survey results of 2023 the results of 2024 will only be available in early 2025.
- 2569 disabled staff responded to the survey, whereas only 1396 staff have declared disability on ESR at MFT
- There is a decrease in bullying of disabled staff from patients/service users, their relative or other members of the public by 2.5%.
- A higher proportion of disabled staff experience bullying, harassment and abuse from the public than non-disabled staff.

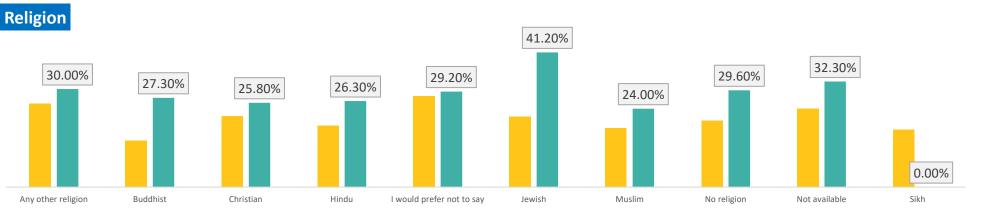
Disaggregated data for NHS Staff Survey Indicators is available in the following pages. Data by Pay Band is not available for NHS Staff survey indicators - EDI team is working with OD Team to extract this data for next years report. WDES Metric 4a- Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff experiencing harassment, bullying or abuse from:







Disabled staff across many ethnic backgrounds are more likely to face harassment, bullying, or abuse from the public than their non-disabled staff, with certain ethnic groups reporting markedly higher rates.



Disabled staff across most religions experience higher experiencing harassment, bullying or abuse from Patients/service users, their relative or other members of the public with Jewish, Buddhist, Hindu, No religion and Not available groups showing significant differences.

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WDES Metric 4a- Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff experiencing harassment, bullying or abuse from:

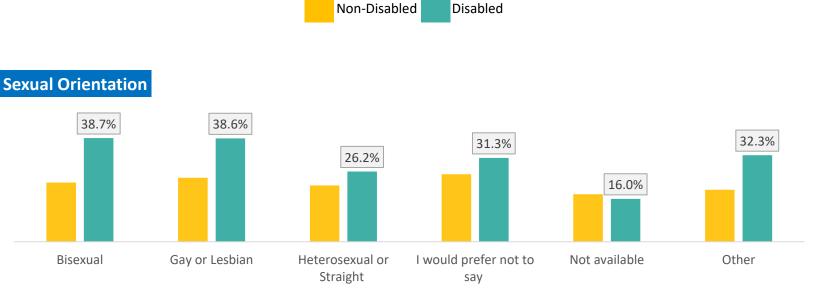
(a) Patients/service users, their relative or other members of the public based on Sexual Orientation and Age



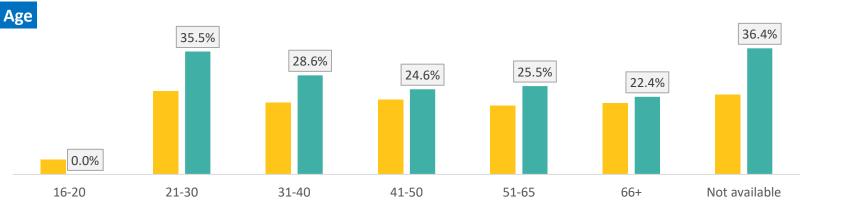


In the NHS staff survey response:

- **Not Available** option indicates that the staff did not complete or left the response blank. **Any Other or Other** option is selected when none of the listed categories match their
- **Any Other or Other** option is selected when none of the listed categories match their response.
- I would prefer not to say indicates that the respondent chooses not to disclose certain information, likely for privacy or personal reasons.



This data reveals that disabled staff identifying as bisexual, gay or lesbian, and other sexual orientations report significantly higher harassment rates than their non-disabled staff, with heterosexual and unavailable categories showing less disparity.

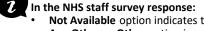


This data suggests that disabled staff in the younger and middle age ranges, as well as those without reported age data, experience particularly higher levels of harassment. WDES Metric 4a- Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff experiencing harassment, bullying or abuse from:

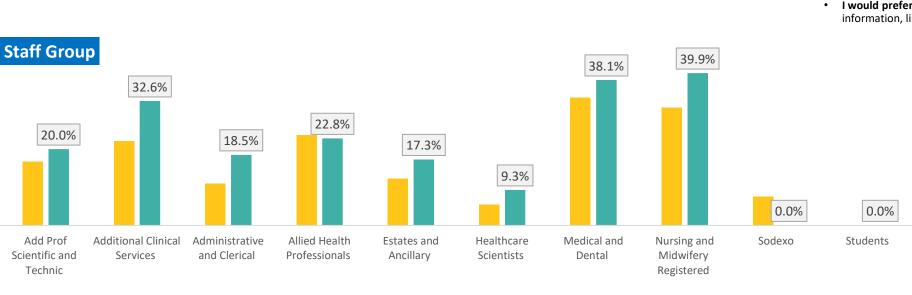
(a) Patients/service users, their relative or other members of the public based on Staff Group and Gender

Non-Disabled



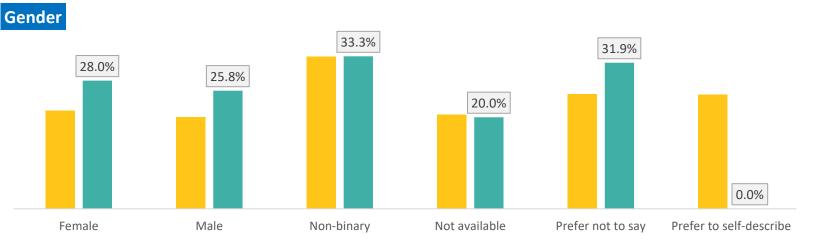


- **Not Available** option indicates that the staff did not complete or left the response blank. **Any Other or Other** option is selected when none of the listed categories match their
- **Any Other or Other** option is selected when none of the listed categories match their response.
- I would prefer not to say indicates that the respondent chooses not to disclose certain information, likely for privacy or personal reasons.



Disabled

Disabled staff in staff groups Nursing and Midwifery and Medical and Dental, report the highest harassment rates, with significant differences observed across various clinical and support staff groups.



Disabled staff, particularly females and those preferring not to disclose their gender, report higher rates of harassment compared to non-disabled staff. Non-binary staff experience high levels of reported incidents equally across both groups.

WDES Metric 4b

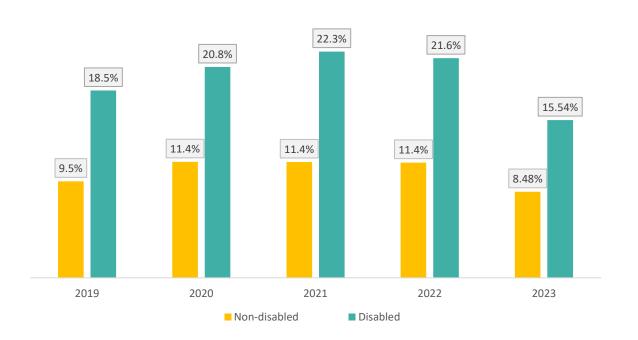


METRIC 10

METRIC 9

Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff experiencing harassment, bullying or abuse from: (b) Managers

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Disabled	18.5%	20.8%	22.3%	21.6%	15.54%
Non-Disabled	9.5%	11.4%	11.4%	11.4%	8.48%



	Disabled	Non-disabled
Overall Workforce at MFT: 31,034	Overall in MFT 1,396	Overall in MFT 23,325
33,40	Responded to NHSS 2561	Responded to NHSS 8231



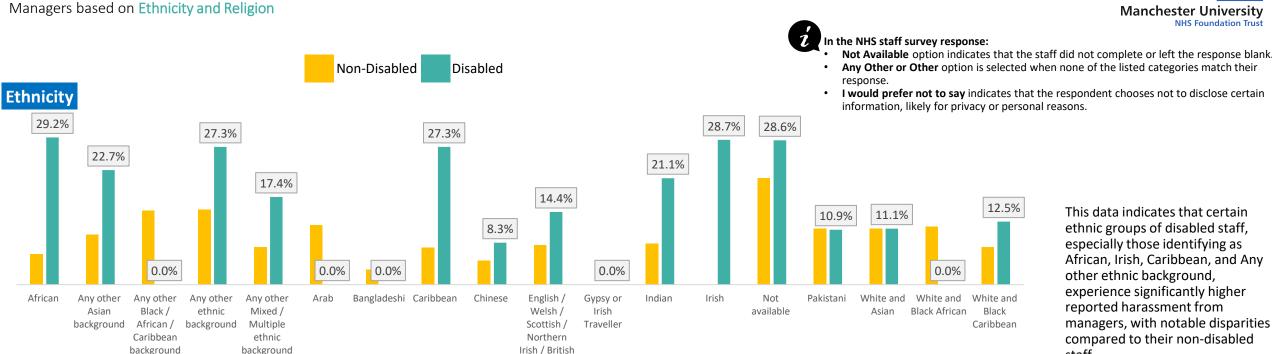
The number of disabled staff who responded to the NHS staff survey, are more than the total number staff who declared a disability on ESR within MFT.

- This data is from the National Staff Survey results of 2023 the results of 2024 will only be available in early 2025.
- **2561 disabled staff responded to the** survey, whereas only 1396 staff have declared disability on ESR at MFT
- Reports of bullying and harassment by managers declined by 6.06% from last year
- A higher proportion of disabled staff experience bullying, harassment and abuse from managers than non-disabled staff.

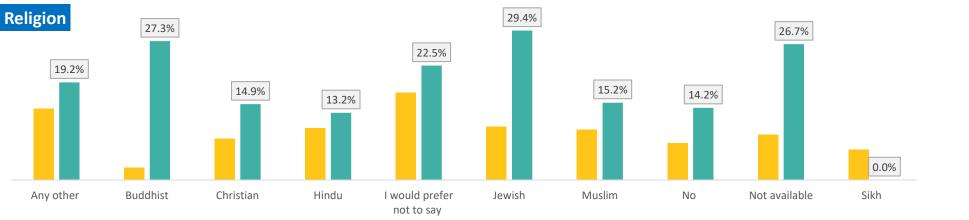
Disaggregated data for NHS Staff Survey Indicators is available in the following pages. Data by Pay Band is not available for NHS Staff survey indicators - EDI team is working with OD Team to extract this data for next years report.

WDES Metric 4b - Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff experiencing harassment, bullying or abuse from





This data indicates that certain ethnic groups of disabled staff, especially those identifying as African, Irish, Caribbean, and Any other ethnic background, experience significantly higher reported harassment from managers, with notable disparities compared to their non-disabled staff.

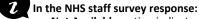


Disabled staff in specific religious groups, particularly Jewish and Buddhist, report significantly higher levels of harassment from managers compared to nondisabled staff, with the disparity being more pronounced in some groups than others.

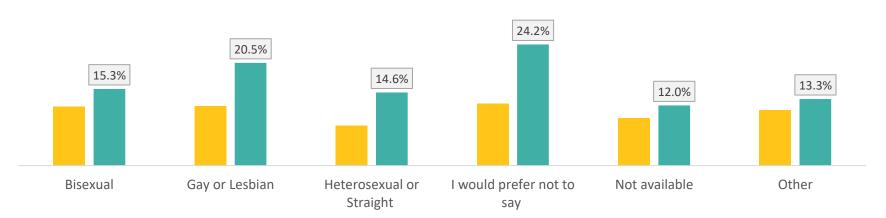
WDES Metric 4b - Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff experiencing harassment, bullying or abuse from Managers based on Sexual Orientation and Age

Manchester University
NHS Foundation Trust

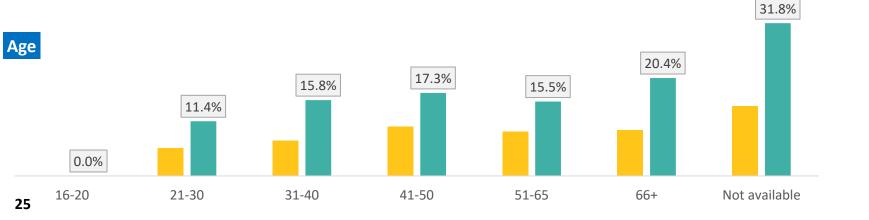




- **Not Available** option indicates that the staff did not complete or left the response blank. **Any Other or Other** option is selected when none of the listed categories match their
- **Any Other or Other** option is selected when none of the listed categories match their response.
- I would prefer not to say indicates that the respondent chooses not to disclose certain information, likely for privacy or personal reasons.



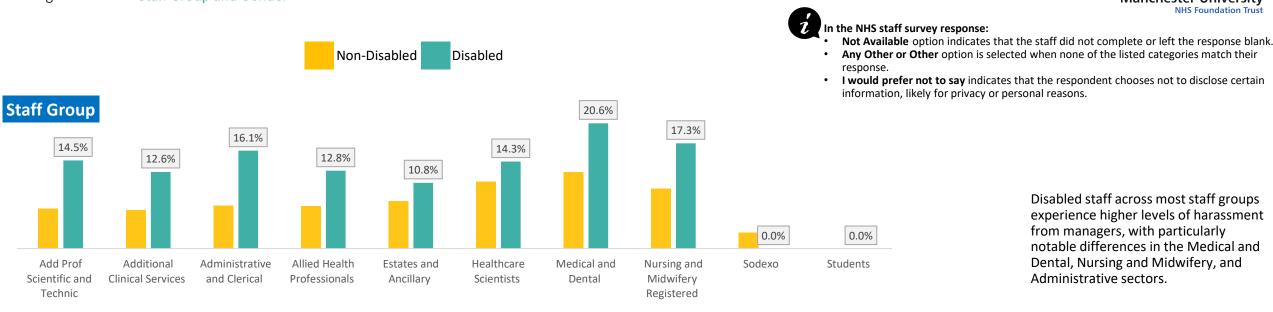
This data reveals that disabled staff, especially those identifying as gay or lesbian, bisexual, or preferring not to disclose their sexual orientation, report higher levels of harassment from managers than their non-disabled staff.



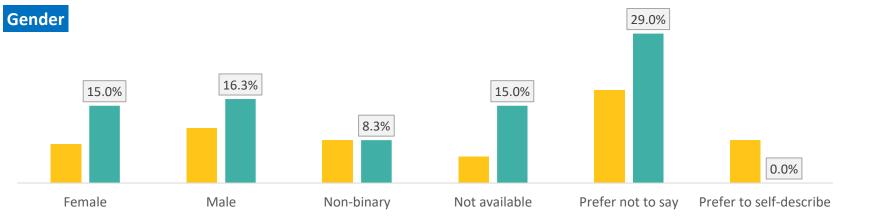
Disabled staff across all age groups experience higher levels of harassment from managers, with particularly pronounced rates among older age groups and those with unspecified ages.

WDES Metric 4b - Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff experiencing harassment, bullying or abuse from Managers based on Staff Group and Gender





Disabled staff across most staff groups experience higher levels of harassment from managers, with particularly notable differences in the Medical and Dental, Nursing and Midwifery, and Administrative sectors.



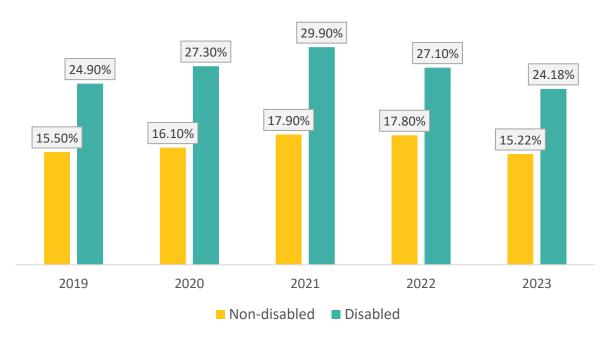
Disabled staff, especially those identifying as female, male, or preferring not to disclose their gender, experience higher levels of harassment from managers compared to their nondisabled counterparts. Non-binary staff show equal reporting, while those who self-describe report no incidents of harassment.

WDES Metric 4c



Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff experiencing harassment, bullying or abuse from: (c) Other colleagues

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Disabled	24.9%	27.3%	29.9%	27.1%	24.18%
Non- Disabled	15.5%	16.1%	17.9%	17.8%	15.22%



	Disabled	Non-disabled	
Overall Workforce at MFT: 31,034	Overall in MFT 1,396	Overall in MFT 23,325	
	Responded to NHSS 2568	Responded to NHSS 8250	

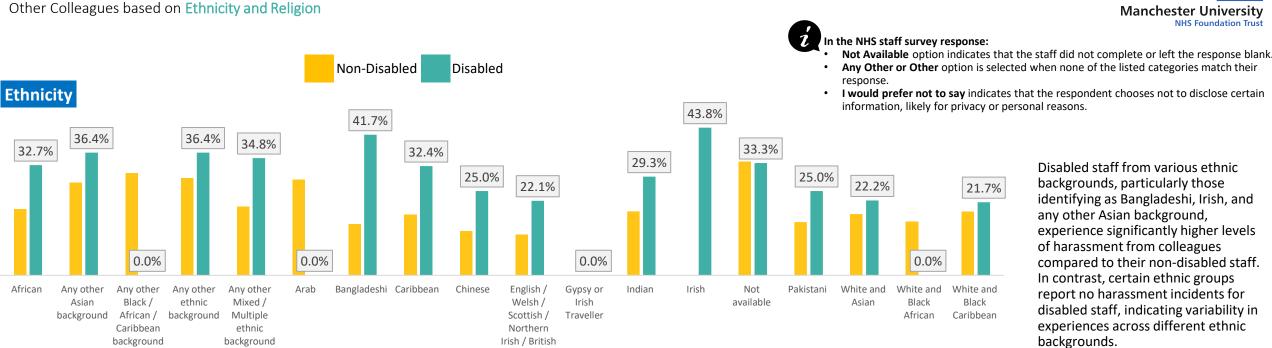


The number of disabled staff who responded to the NHS staff survey, are more than the total number staff who declared a disability on ESR within MFT.

- This data is from the National Staff Survey results of 2023 the results of 2024 will only be available in early 2025.
- 2568 disabled staff responded to the survey, whereas only 1396 staff have declared disability on ESR at MFT
- Incidents of bullying and harassment from colleagues decreased by 2.9% from last year
- A higher proportion of disabled staff experience bullying, harassment and abuse from colleagues than non-disabled staff.

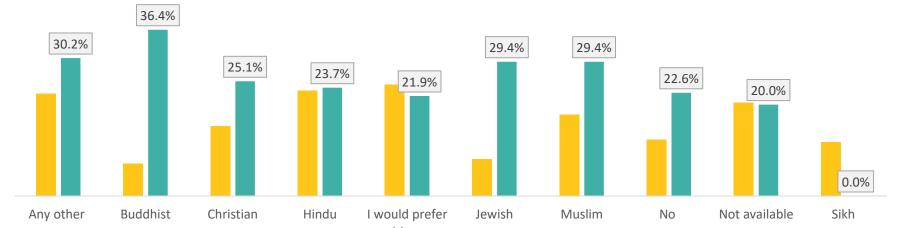
Disaggregated data for NHS Staff Survey Indicators is available in the following pages. Data by Pay Band is not available for NHS Staff survey indicators - EDI team is working with OD Team to extract this data for next years report. WDES Metric 4c - Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff experiencing harassment, bullying or abuse from





Disabled staff from various ethnic backgrounds, particularly those identifying as Bangladeshi, Irish, and any other Asian background, experience significantly higher levels of harassment from colleagues compared to their non-disabled staff. In contrast, certain ethnic groups report no harassment incidents for disabled staff, indicating variability in experiences across different ethnic backgrounds.

Religion



Disabled staff from various religious backgrounds, particularly Buddhists and Jews, experience notably higher levels of harassment from colleagues compared to their non-disabled counterparts. Certain groups, such as those identifying as Sikh, report no incidents of harassment for disabled staff, reflecting varied experiences across different religious affiliations.

4.0%

Not available

WDES Metric 4c - Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff experiencing harassment, bullying or abuse from Other Colleagues based on Sexual Orientation and Age

Disabled

30.4%

I would prefer not to

say

Non-Disabled

23.1%

Heterosexual or

Straight

Sexual Orientation

Bisexual

24.0%

35.6%

Gay or Lesbian





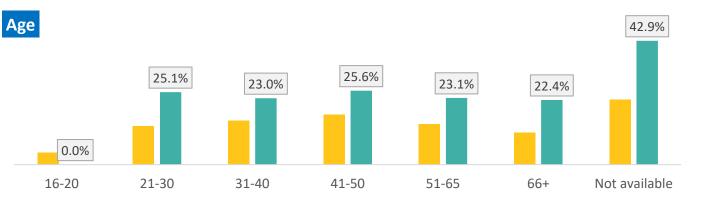
22.6%

Other

In the NHS staff survey response:

- Not Available option indicates that the staff did not complete or left the response blank.
- **Any Other or Other** option is selected when none of the listed categories match their response.
- I would prefer not to say indicates that the respondent chooses not to disclose certain information, likely for privacy or personal reasons.

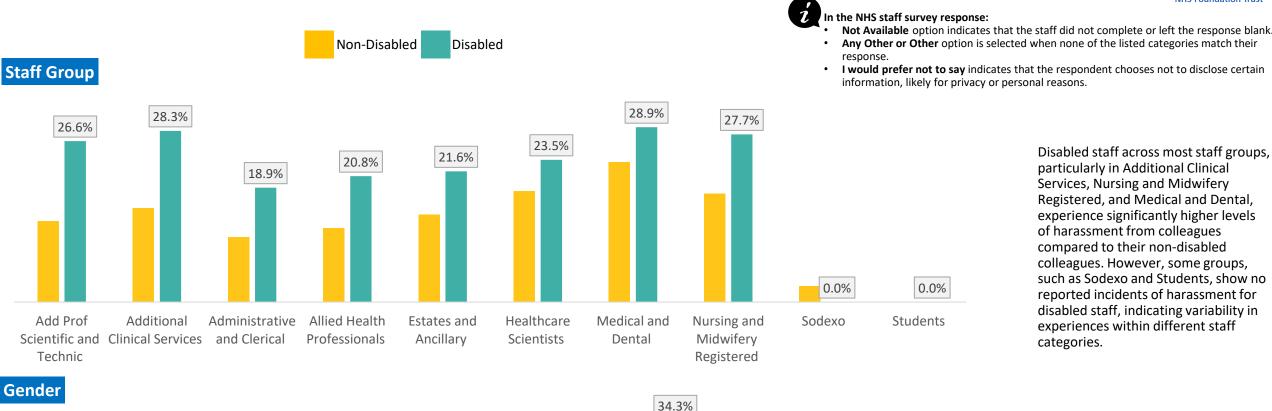
This data reveals that disabled staff, especially those identifying as gay or lesbian, bisexual, or preferring not to disclose their sexual orientation, report higher levels of harassment from colleagues than their non-disabled staff.



Disabled staff across all age groups experience higher levels of harassment from colleagues, with particularly pronounced rates among older age groups and those with unspecified ages.

WDES Metric 4c - Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff experiencing harassment, bullying or abuse from Other Colleagues based on Staff Group and Gender





Disabled staff across most staff groups, particularly in Additional Clinical Services, Nursing and Midwifery Registered, and Medical and Dental, experience significantly higher levels of harassment from colleagues compared to their non-disabled colleagues. However, some groups, such as Sodexo and Students, show no reported incidents of harassment for disabled staff, indicating variability in experiences within different staff categories.



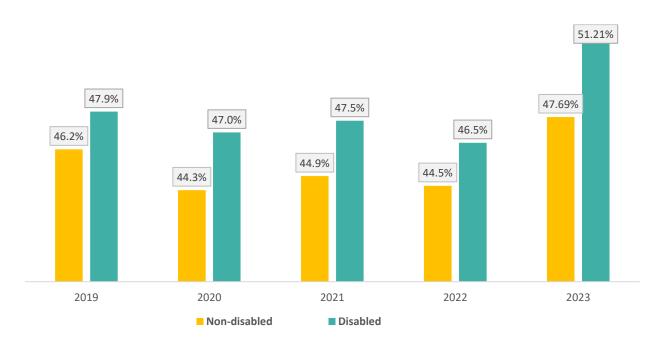
Disabled staff across various gender identities, particularly females and males, experience notably higher levels of harassment from colleagues compared to their non-disabled counterparts. Non-binary staff show equal reporting, while those who selfdescribe report no incidents of harassment, highlighting differences in experiences among different gender identities.

WDES Metric 4c



Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff saying the last time they experienced harassment, bullying or abuse at work, they or a colleague reported it

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Disabled	47.9%	47.0%	47.5%	46.5%	51.21%
Non-Disabled	46.2%	44.3%	44.9%	44.5%	47.69%



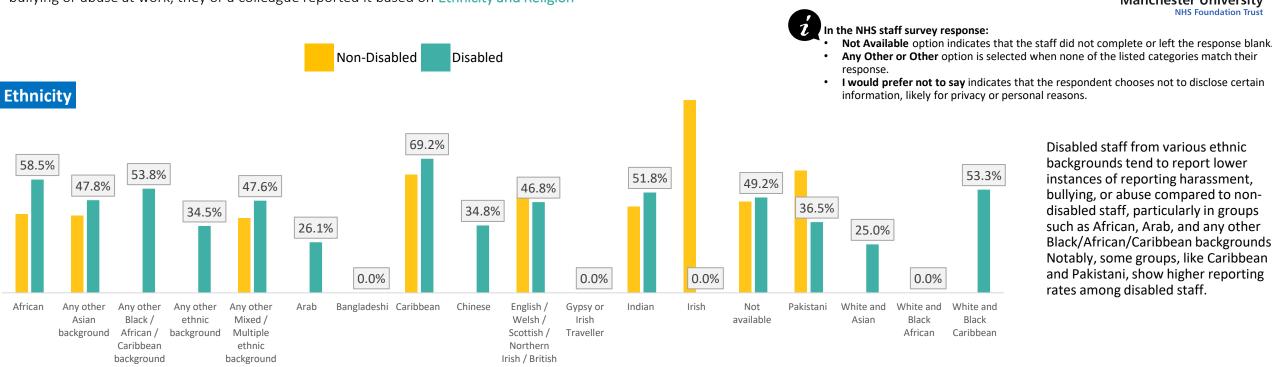
	Disabled	Non-disabled	
Overall Workforce at MFT: 31,034	Overall in MFT 1,396	Overall in MFT 23,325	
,,,,	Responded to NHSS 1076	Responded to NHSS 2447	

- This data is from the National Staff Survey results of 2023 the results of 2024 will only be available in early 2025.
- 1076 disabled staff responded to the survey, whereas 1396 staff have declared disability on ESR at MFT
- This metric shows a 5% increase in disabled staff reporting harassment the last time it happened compared to last year
- Nearly half of disabled staff reported the latest incidence of harassment, bullying or abuse.
- Disabled staff are only slightly more likely to report incidences compared to non-disabled staff.

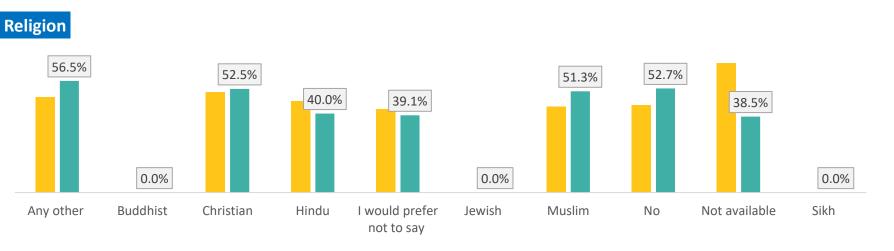
Disaggregated data for NHS Staff Survey Indicators is available in the following pages. Data by Pay Band is not available for NHS Staff survey indicators - EDI team is working with OD Team to extract this data for next years report.

WDES Metric 4d - Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff saying the last time they experienced harassment, bullying or abuse at work, they or a colleague reported it based on Ethnicity and Religion





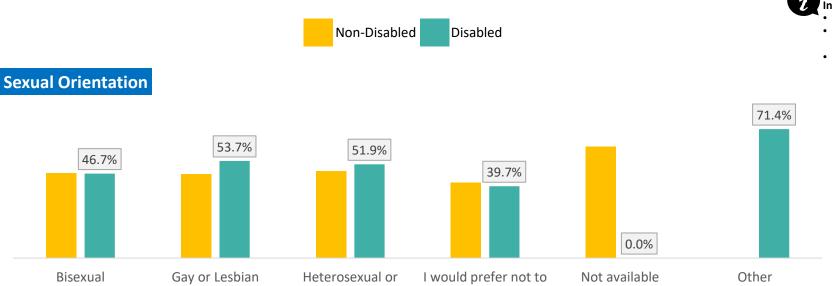
Disabled staff from various ethnic backgrounds tend to report lower instances of reporting harassment, bullying, or abuse compared to nondisabled staff, particularly in groups such as African, Arab, and any other Black/African/Caribbean backgrounds. Notably, some groups, like Caribbean and Pakistani, show higher reporting rates among disabled staff.



Disabled staff report higher percentages of incidents being reported in several religious categories, particularly among those identifying as Any other, Christians, Muslims, and those with no religion. However, there are notable exceptions, such as in the Hindu and prefer not to say categories, where reporting rates are lower for disabled staff compared to nondisabled staff. Additionally, specific groups, such as Buddhists, Jews, and Sikhs, report no incidents.

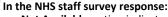
WDES Metric 4d - Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff saying the last time they experienced harassment, bullying or abuse at work, they or a colleague reported it based on Sexual Orientation and Age





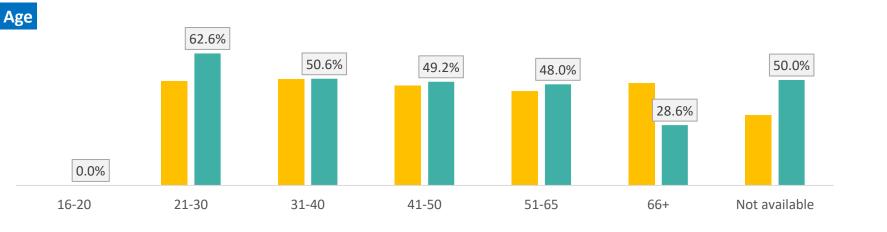
say

Straight



- **Not Available** option indicates that the staff did not complete or left the response blank. **Any Other or Other** option is selected when none of the listed categories match their
- response.
- I would prefer not to say indicates that the respondent chooses not to disclose certain information, likely for privacy or personal reasons.

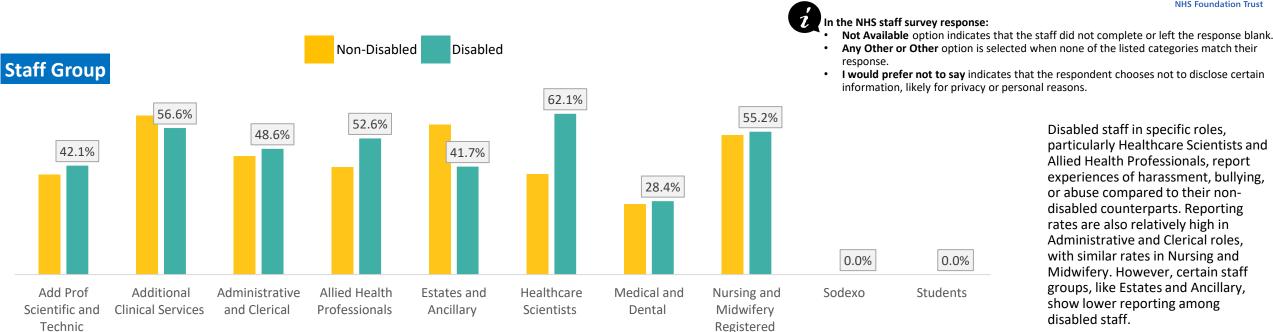
Disabled staff tend to report higher instances of harassment, bullying, or abuse in certain sexual orientation categories, notably among those identifying as gay or lesbian and heterosexual. The reporting rates for bisexual staff are almost equal between disabled and non-disabled groups. However, in the Not available category, where disabled staff report no incidents. Disabled staff identifying as Other show a high reporting rate



Younger disabled staff (ages 21-30) are more likely to report experiences of harassment, bullying, or abuse compared to their non-disabled staff. The reporting rates for disabled staff remain relatively high across the 31-40 and 41-50 age groups, but there is a significant decline in reporting among those aged 66 and above. There is higher reporting rate in the Not available category among disabled staff.

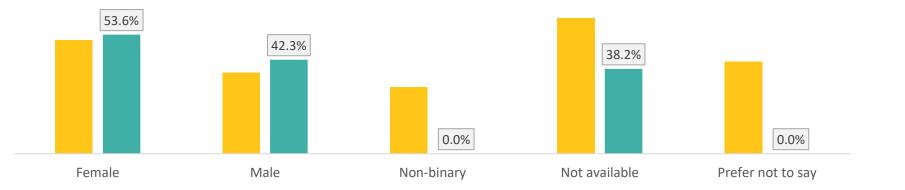
WDES Metric 4d - Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff saying the last time they experienced harassment, bullying or abuse at work, they or a colleague reported it based on Staff Group and Gender





Disabled staff in specific roles, particularly Healthcare Scientists and Allied Health Professionals, report experiences of harassment, bullying, or abuse compared to their nondisabled counterparts. Reporting rates are also relatively high in Administrative and Clerical roles, with similar rates in Nursing and Midwifery. However, certain staff groups, like Estates and Ancillary, show lower reporting among disabled staff.

Gender



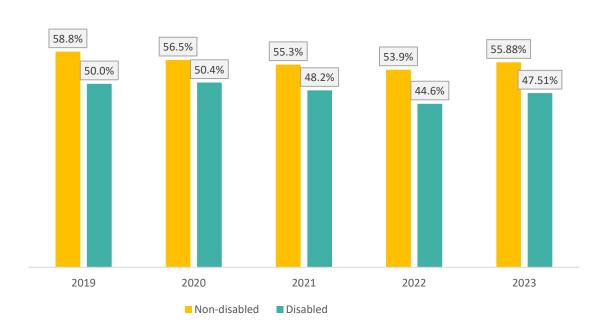
Disabled female and male staff exhibit a slightly higher reporting rate compared to non-disabled. Nonbinary disabled staff show no reporting.



METRIC 10

Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff believing that the trust provides equal opportunities for career progression or promotion.

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Disabled	50.0%	50.4%	48.2%	44.6%	47.5%
Non-Disabled	58.8%	56.5%	55.3%	53.9%	55.9%



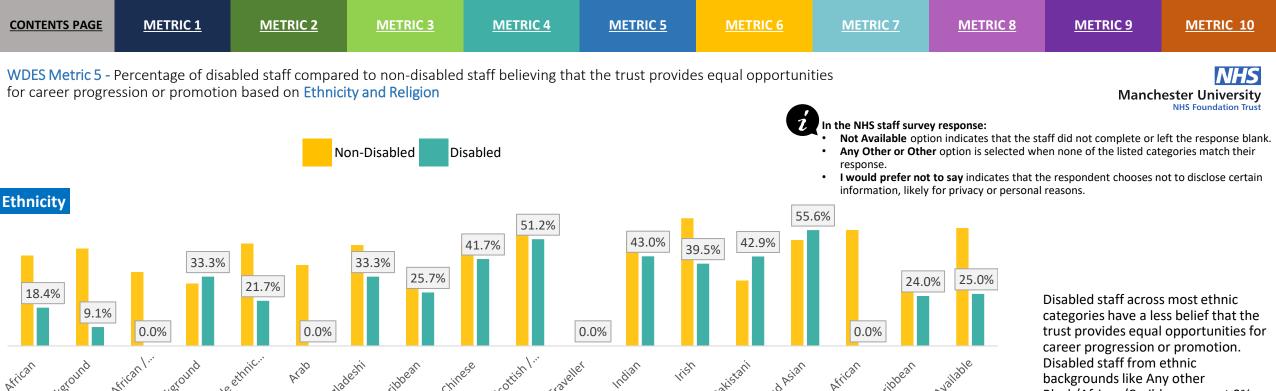
Overall Workforce at MFT: 31,034	Disabled	Non-disabled	
	Overall in MFT 1,396	Overall in MFT 23,325	
	Responded to NHSS 2568	Responded to NHSS 8250	

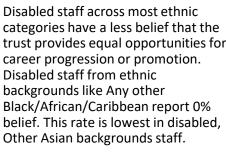


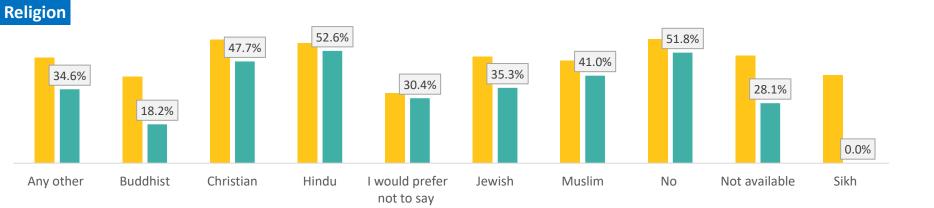
The number of disabled staff who responded to the NHS staff survey, are more than the total number staff who declared a disability on ESR within MFT.

- This data is from the National Staff Survey results of 2023 the results of 2024 will only be available in early 2025.
- **2568 disabled staff responded to the** survey, whereas only 1396 staff have declared disability on ESR at MFT
- 48% of disabled staff believe the trust provides equal opportunities compared to 56% of nondisabled staff.
- The percentage of disabled staff who believe that the Trust provides equal opportunities for career progression or promotion has increased by 2.9%.

Disaggregated data for NHS Staff Survey Indicators is available in the following pages. Data by Pay Band is not available for NHS Staff survey indicators - EDI team is working with OD Team to extract this data for next years report.





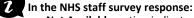


Disabled staff across all religions who believe that the trust provides equal opportunities for career progression is significantly lower than that of nondisabled staff. This is higher for Hindu religion in comparison to others.

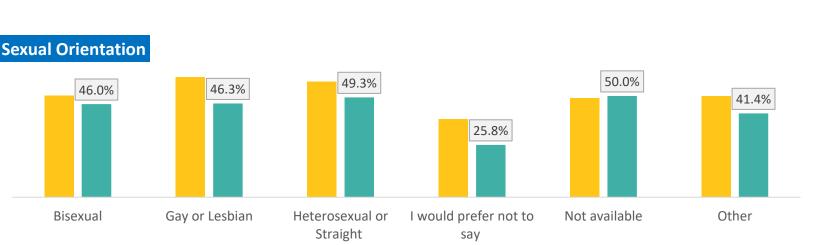
WDES Metric 5 - Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff believing that the trust provides equal opportunities for career progression or promotion based on Sexual Orientation and Age





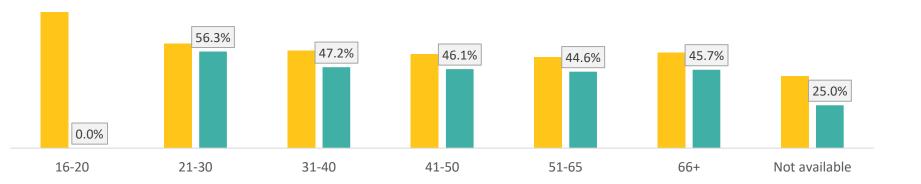


- Not Available option indicates that the staff did not complete or left the response blank.
 Any Other or Other option is selected when none of the listed categories match their
 - **Any Other or Other** option is selected when none of the listed categories match their response.
- I would prefer not to say indicates that the respondent chooses not to disclose certain information, likely for privacy or personal reasons.



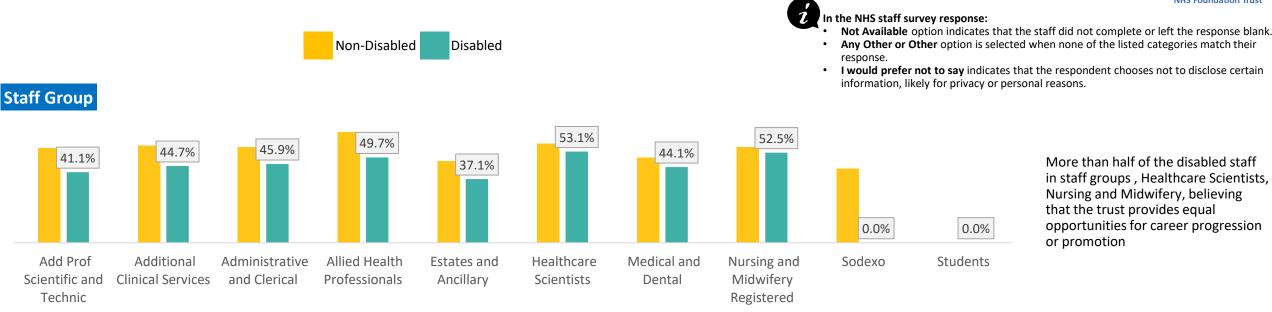
Disabled staff—regardless of their sexual orientation—perceive a lack of equal opportunities for career progression when compared to their non-disabled colleagues. Particularly, gay or lesbian and bisexual disabled staff.





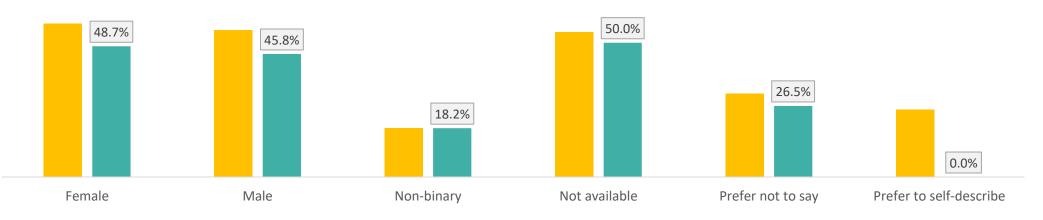
More of the younger disabled staff believe that the trust provides equal opportunities for career progression or promotion. This declines significantly in mid-career and older age groups. WDES Metric 5 - Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff believing that the trust provides equal opportunities for career progression or promotion based on Staff Group and Gender





More than half of the disabled staff in staff groups, Healthcare Scientists, Nursing and Midwifery, believing that the trust provides equal opportunities for career progression or promotion

Gender



More of the younger disabled staff believe that the trust provides equal opportunities for career progression or promotion. This declines significantly in mid-career and older age groups.

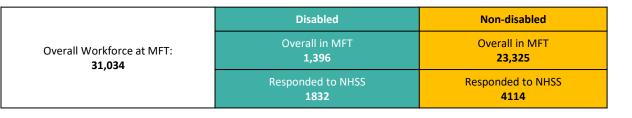
WDES Metric 6

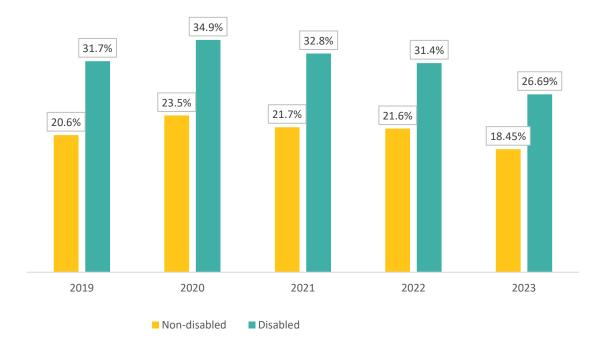


METRIC 10

Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff saying they felt pressure to come to work despite not feeling well enough to perform their duties

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Disabled	31.7%	34.9%	32.8%	31.4%	26.69%
Non-Disabled	20.6%	23.5%	21.7%	21.6%	18.45%







The number of disabled staff who responded to the NHS staff survey, are more than the total number staff who declared a disability on ESR within MFT.

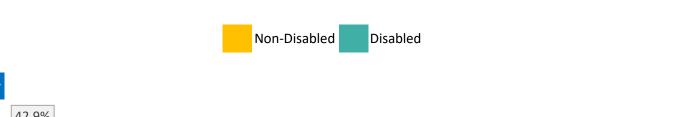
- This data is from the National Staff Survey results of 2023 the results of 2024 will only be available in early 2025.
- 1832 disabled staff responded to the survey, whereas only 1396 staff have declared disability on ESR at MFT
- The percentage of disabled staff feeling pressured to come to work decreased by 4.7%,
- Disabled staff are nearly one and a half times more likely to have this view compared to non-disabled staff.

Disaggregated data for NHS Staff Survey Indicators is available in the following pages. Data by Pay Band is not available for NHS Staff survey indicators - EDI team is working with OD Team to extract this data for next years report.

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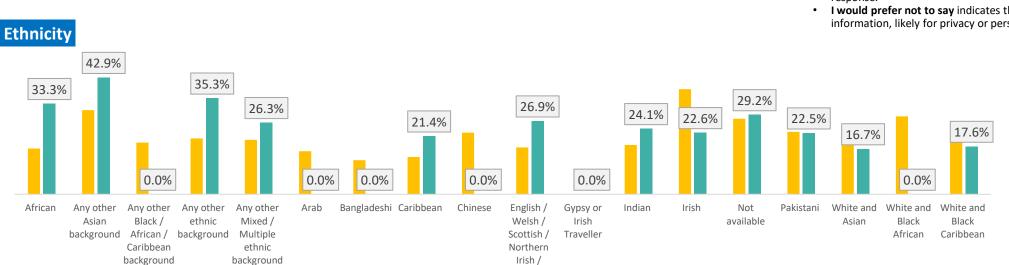
WDES Metric 6 - Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff saying they felt pressure to come to work despite not feeling well enough to perform their duties based on Ethnicity and Religion





In the NHS staff survey response:

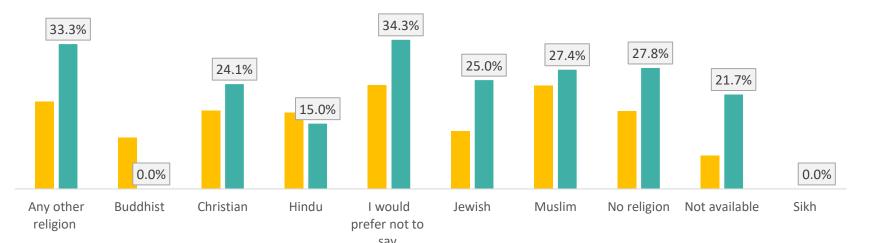
- Not Available option indicates that the staff did not complete or left the response blank. Any Other or Other option is selected when none of the listed categories match their
- I would prefer not to say indicates that the respondent chooses not to disclose certain information, likely for privacy or personal reasons.



British

Disabled staff members report a higher incidence of feeling pressured to attend work despite their inability to perform effectively. Certain ethnic groups such as other Asian, Any other ethnic backgrounds within the disabled staff population experience this pressure more acutely than others

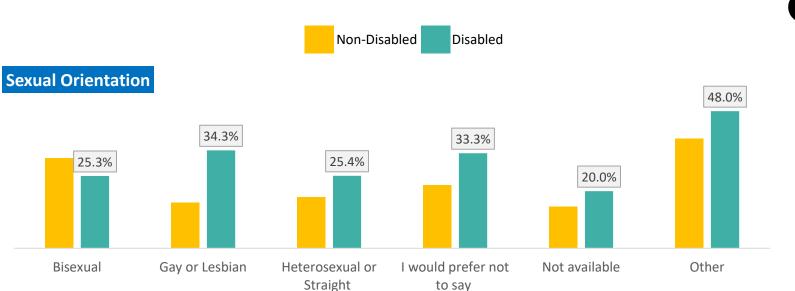
Religion



Disabled staff who have not specified a religion feel more pressured to attend work despite their inability to perform effectively. This is followed by disabled staff who selected any other religion.

WDES Metric 6 - Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff saying they felt pressure to come to work despite not feeling well enough to perform their duties based on Sexual Orientation and Age.





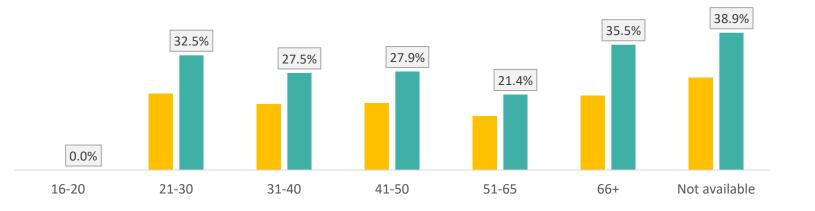
to say

In the NHS staff survey response:

- Not Available option indicates that the staff did not complete or left the response blank. Any Other or Other option is selected when none of the listed categories match their
- I would prefer not to say indicates that the respondent chooses not to disclose certain information, likely for privacy or personal reasons.

Disabled staff from other category felt pressure to come to work despite not feeling well enough to perform their duties followed by who have not specified sexual orientation and then the gay or lesbian disabled staff

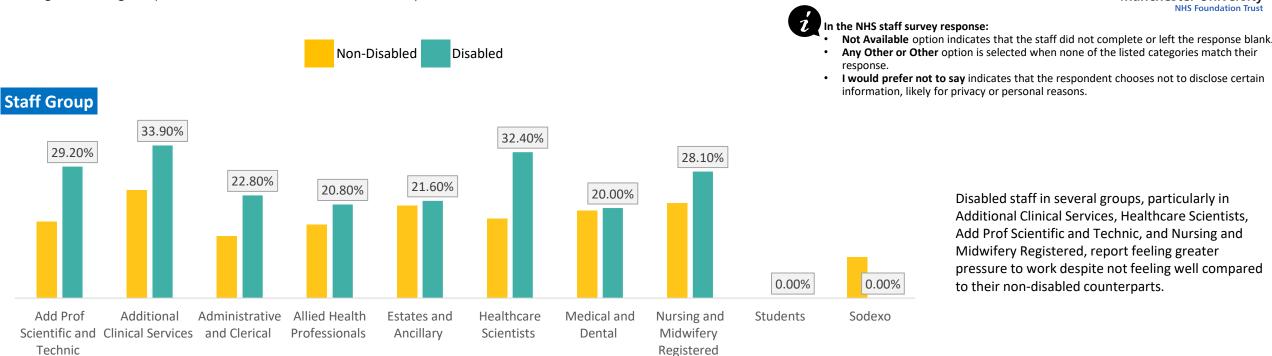
Age



Disabled staff aged 66 and above experience heightened pressure to come to work. Additionally, the Not available category shows a higher percentage among disabled staff.

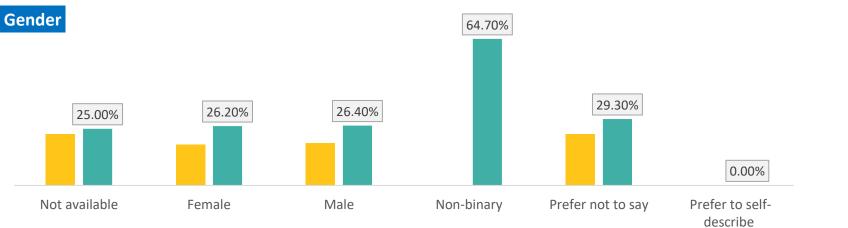
WDES Metric 6 - Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff saying they felt pressure to come to work despite not feeling well enough to perform their duties based on Staff Group and Gender.





Disabled staff in several groups, particularly in Additional Clinical Services, Healthcare Scientists, Add Prof Scientific and Technic, and Nursing and Midwifery Registered, report feeling greater pressure to work despite not feeling well compared

to their non-disabled counterparts.



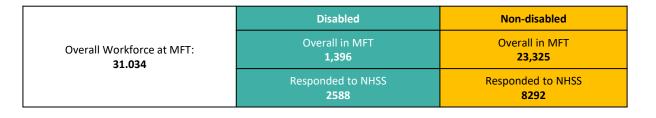
Disabled staff across most gender categories experience a higher reported pressure to work despite not feeling. both male and female disabled staff, who report higher levels of pressure than their non-disabled staff. Non-binary disabled staff report the highest levels of pressure to work while unwell.

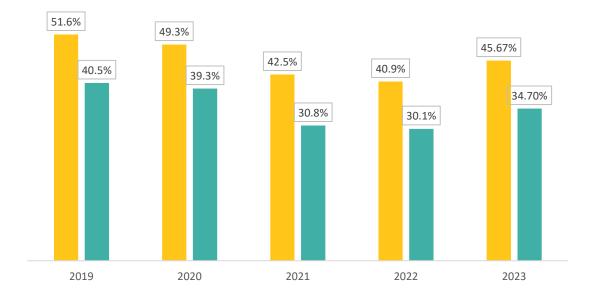
WDES Metric 7



Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff saying that they are satisfied with the extent to which their organisation values their work

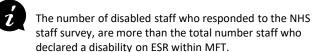
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Disabled	40.5%	39.3%	30.8%	30.1%	34.70%
Non-Disabled	51.6%	49.3%	42.5%	40.9%	45.67%





Disabled

Non-disabled

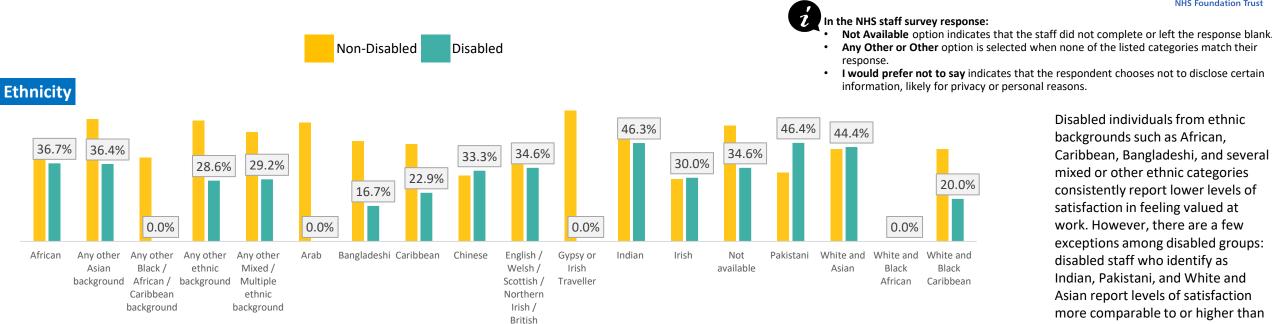


- This data is from the National Staff Survey results of 2023 the results of 2024 will only be available in early 2025.
- 2588 disabled staff responded to the survey, whereas only 1396 staff have declared disability on ESR at MFT
- There was a 4.6% increase in the number of disabled staff who feel their work is valued

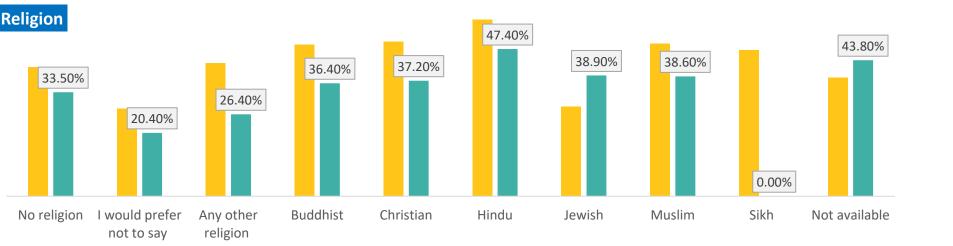
Disaggregated data for NHS Staff Survey Indicators is available in the following pages. Data by Pay Band is not available for NHS Staff survey indicators - EDI team is working with OD Team to extract this data for next years report.

WDES Metric 7 - Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff saying that they are satisfied with the extent to which their organisation values their work based on Ethnicity and Religion





Disabled individuals from ethnic backgrounds such as African, Caribbean, Bangladeshi, and several mixed or other ethnic categories consistently report lower levels of satisfaction in feeling valued at work. However, there are a few exceptions among disabled groups: disabled staff who identify as Indian, Pakistani, and White and Asian report levels of satisfaction more comparable to or higher than their non-disabled counterparts.

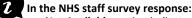


Disabled staff who identify as Christian, Buddhist, Muslim and those with no religion report particularly lower satisfaction levels. However, Jewish disabled staff report slightly higher satisfaction than non-disabled Jewish staff.

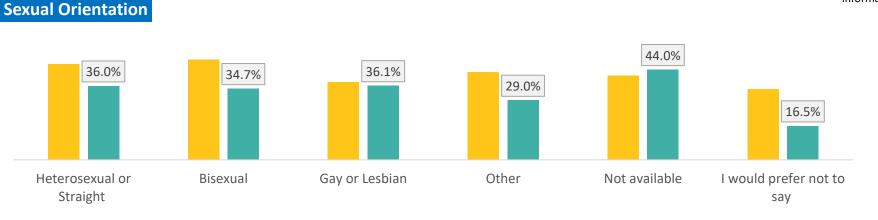
WDES Metric 7 - Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff saying that they are satisfied with the extent to which their organisation values their work based on Sexual Orientation and Age



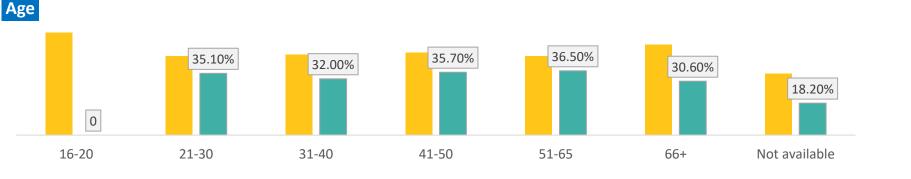




- **Not Available** option indicates that the staff did not complete or left the response blank. **Any Other or Other** option is selected when none of the listed categories match their
- **Any Other or Other** option is selected when none of the listed categories match their response.
- I would prefer not to say indicates that the respondent chooses not to disclose certain information, likely for privacy or personal reasons.



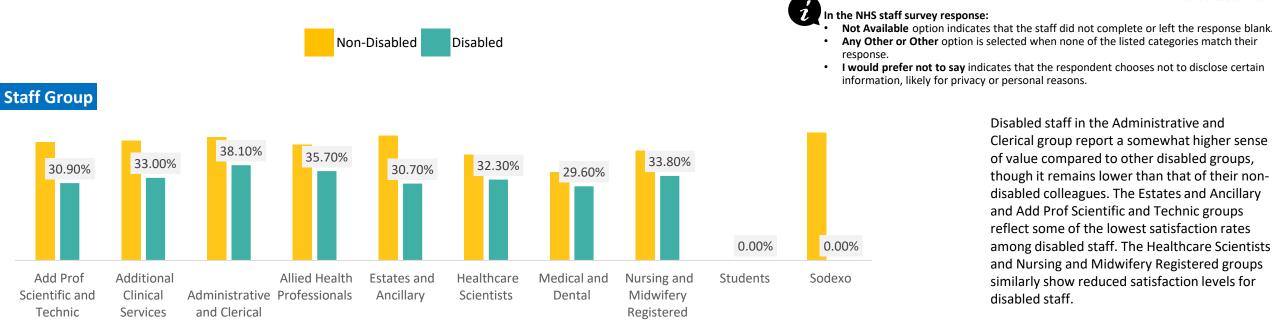
Disabled staff who identify as heterosexual, bisexual, and those in the other category report notably lower satisfaction with how much their organisation values their work. However, disabled staff who did not disclose their orientation (not available) report a relatively higher level of satisfaction. Overall, disabled staff, especially those identifying as bisexual, heterosexual, or in other orientations, consistently report feeling less valued in comparison to non-disabled staff across sexual orientations.



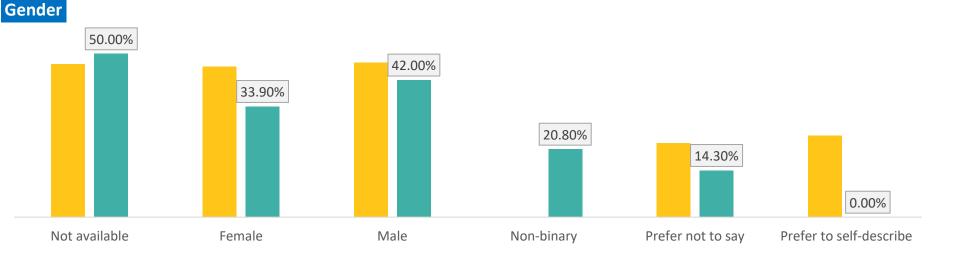
Among younger disabled staff, particularly in the 21-30 age group, satisfaction is relatively low, aligning with similar trends in the 31-40 and 41-50 age ranges. Disabled staff aged 66 and older report the lowest satisfaction levels. Disabled staff in the not available age category also show particularly low satisfaction

WDES Metric 7 - Percentage of disabled staff compared to non-disabled staff saying that they are satisfied with the extent to which their organisation values their work based on Staff Group and Gender





Disabled staff in the Administrative and Clerical group report a somewhat higher sense of value compared to other disabled groups, though it remains lower than that of their nondisabled colleagues. The Estates and Ancillary and Add Prof Scientific and Technic groups reflect some of the lowest satisfaction rates among disabled staff. The Healthcare Scientists and Nursing and Midwifery Registered groups similarly show reduced satisfaction levels for disabled staff.



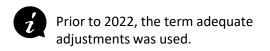
Among disabled staff, males report the highest sense of being valued, though this remains lower than for their non-disabled male colleagues. Disabled female staff report notably lower levels of perceived value compared to non-disabled females. Disabled non-binary staff have particularly low satisfaction rates, while those who preferred not to disclose their gender or self-describe report the lowest levels of feeling valued.

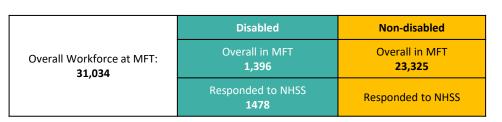
WDES Metric 8

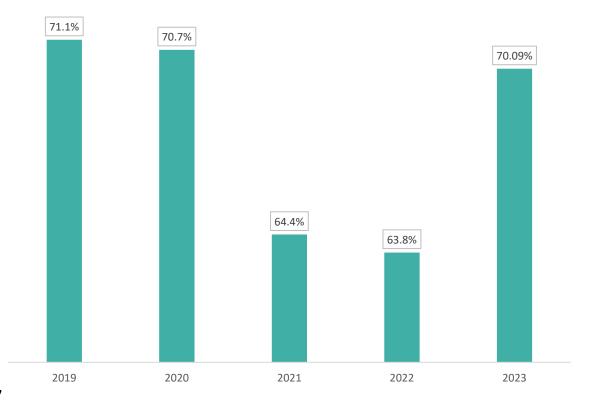


Percentage of disabled staff saying their employer has made reasonable adjustment(s) to enable them to carry out their work

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Disabled	71.1%	70.7%	64.4%	63.8%	70.09%









The number of disabled staff who responded to the NHS staff survey, are more than the total number staff who declared a disability on ESR within MFT.

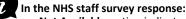
- This data is from the National Staff Survey results of 2023 the results of 2024 will only be available in early 2025.
- 1478 disabled staff responded to the survey, whereas 1396 staff have declared disability on ESR at MFT
- 70% of disabled staff say the Trust has made reasonable adjustments.
- There has been a 6.3% increase in the number of disabled staff reporting that their employer has made reasonable adjustments to support them in their work.

Disaggregated data for NHS Staff Survey Indicators is available in the following pages. Data by Pay Band is not available for NHS Staff survey indicators - EDI team is working with OD Team to extract this data for next years report.

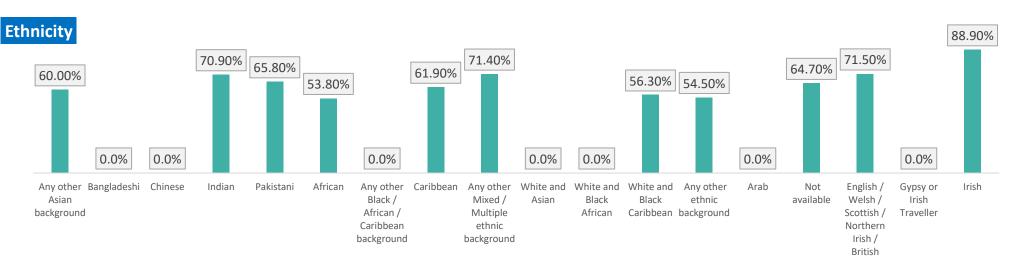
WDES Metric 8 - Percentage of disabled staff saying their employer has made reasonable adjustment(s) to enable them to carry out their work based on Ethnicity and Religion







- **Not Available** option indicates that the staff did not complete or left the response blank. **Any Other or Other** option is selected when none of the listed categories match their
- **Any Other or Other** option is selected when none of the listed categories match their response.
- I would prefer not to say indicates that the respondent chooses not to disclose certain information, likely for privacy or personal reasons.



Among disabled staff, those identifying as Irish report the highest satisfaction with reasonable adjustments. Disabled staff from Bangladeshi, Chinese, and Arab backgrounds report **0**% satisfaction. Indian and Pakistani disabled staff show relatively high percentages of satisfaction,

Religion



Disabled staff identifying as Christian and Hindu report the highest levels of satisfaction, with both groups expressing strong acknowledgment of the reasonable adjustments provided. Disabled staff from Jewish backgrounds express moderate satisfaction, while Muslim disabled staff demonstrate a significant but lower level of recognition in terms of adjustments made.

WDES Metric 8 - Percentage of disabled staff saying their employer has made reasonable adjustment(s) to enable them to carry out their work based on Sexual Orientation and Age

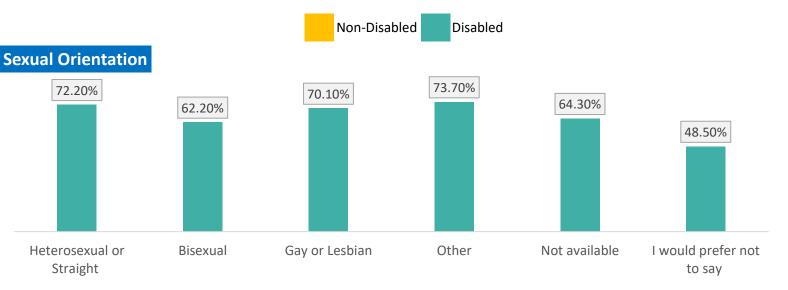


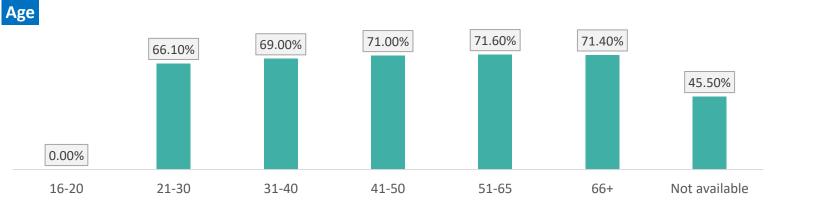


In the NHS staff survey response:

- Not Available option indicates that the staff did not complete or left the response blank.
- **Any Other or Other** option is selected when none of the listed categories match their response.
- I would prefer not to say indicates that the respondent chooses not to disclose certain information, likely for privacy or personal reasons.

Disabled staff identifying as Heterosexual or Straight report the highest satisfaction level regarding the reasonable adjustments provided, Disabled staff who identify as Gay or Lesbian, also express high satisfaction regarding reasonable adjustments.





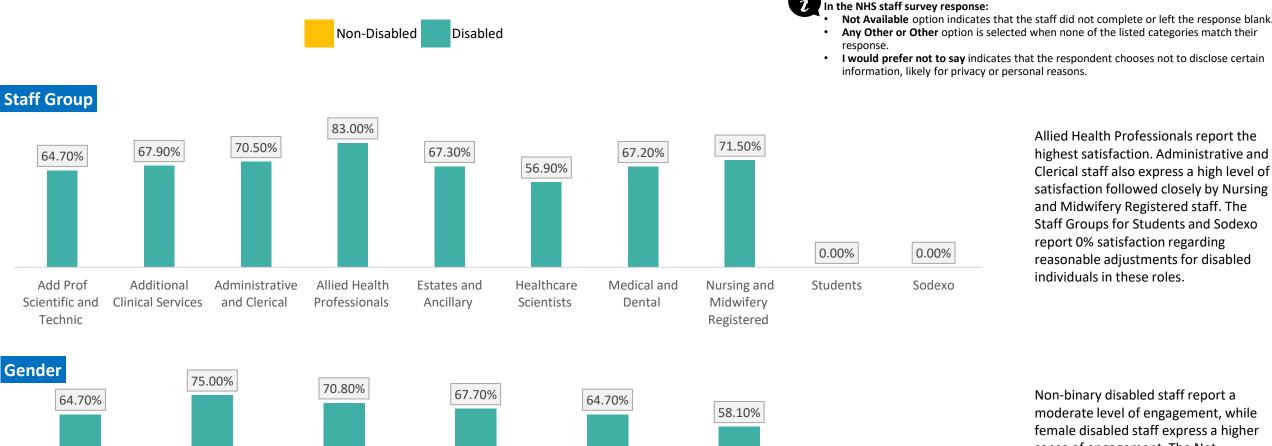
Disabled staff aged 41-50 and 51-65 report the highest satisfaction with reasonable adjustments, Staff aged 31-40 also show strong satisfaction. However, younger disabled staff (ages 21-30) report a slightly lower satisfaction

WDES Metric 8 - Percentage of disabled staff saying their employer has made reasonable adjustment(s) to enable them to carry out their work based on Staff Group and Gender

Non-binary

Not available





Male

Female

Non-binary

Prefer not to say

Allied Health Professionals report the highest satisfaction. Administrative and Clerical staff also express a high level of satisfaction followed closely by Nursing and Midwifery Registered staff. The Staff Groups for Students and Sodexo report 0% satisfaction regarding reasonable adjustments for disabled individuals in these roles.

Non-binary disabled staff report a moderate level of engagement, while female disabled staff express a higher sense of engagement. The Not available category has the highest engagement score, however, those who prefer not to say their gender identity report the lowest engagement score.

0.00%

Prefer to self-

describe

6.84

6.2

2022

WDES Metric 9a

7.2

6.64

2019

7.18

6.59

2020



Staff Engagement Score

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Disabled	6.59	6.53	6.20	6.04	6.36
Non-disabled	7.18	7.11	6.84	6.63	6.89

7.11

6.53

2021

■ Non-Disabled ■ Disabled



6.63

2023

	Disabled	Non-disabled		
Overall Workforce at MFT: 31,034	Overall in MFT 1,396	Overall in MFT 23,325		
. , , ,	Responded to NHSS 1887	Responded to NHSS 6303		



The number of disabled staff who responded to the NHS staff survey, are more than the total number staff who declared a disability on ESR within MFT.

- This data is from the National Staff Survey results of 2023 the results of 2024 will only be available in early 2025.
- 1887 disabled staff responded to the survey, whereas only 1396 staff have declared disability on ESR at MFT
- The staff engagement score was significantly lower for disabled staff (6.04) than for non-disabled staff (6.63).
- The difference between disabled and non-disabled staff has not changed largely over the last five years.

Disaggregated data for NHS Staff Survey Indicators is available in the following pages. Data by Pay Band is not available for NHS Staff survey indicators - EDI team is working with OD Team to extract this data for next years report.



WDES Metric 9a - Staff Engagement Score based on Sexual Orientation and Age

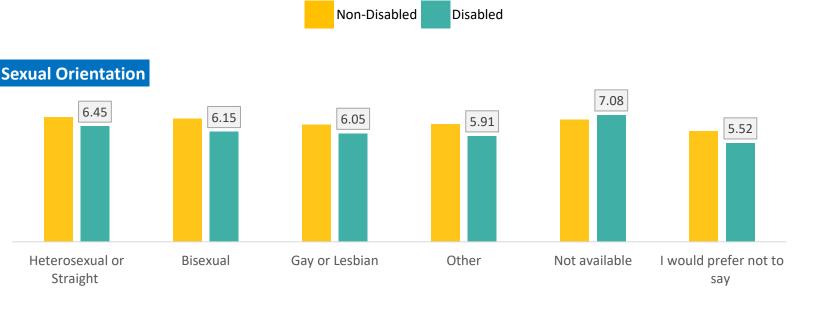




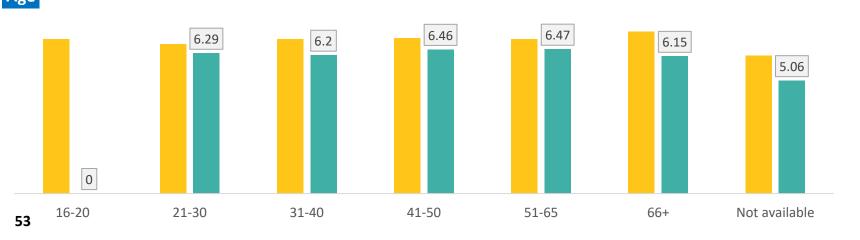
In the NHS staff survey response:

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- **Any Other or Other** option is selected when none of the listed categories match their response.
- I would prefer not to say indicates that the respondent chooses not to disclose certain information, likely for privacy or personal reasons.

Disabled staff who prefer not to disclose their sexual orientation report higher engagement scores than another disabled group. Bisexual and gay or lesbian disabled staff report particularly low engagement levels.



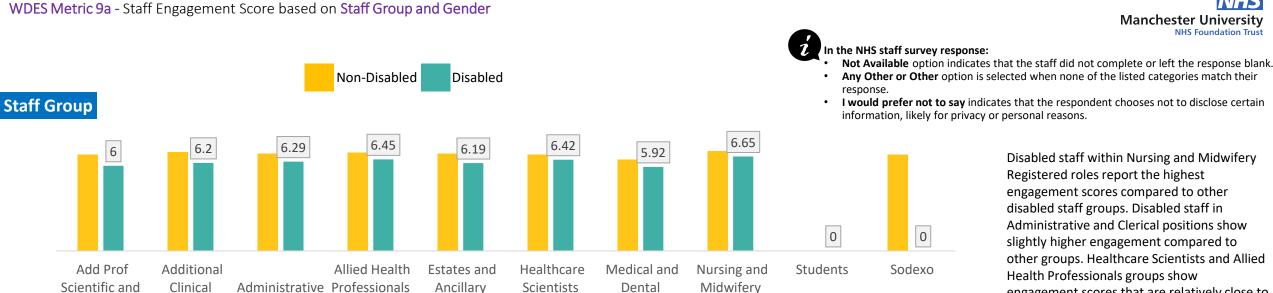




Disabled staff in the 16-20 age group report no engagement score. The scores for disabled staff aged 21-30 and 31-40 are lower than those of their non-disabled. Engagement scores for disabled staff aged 41-50 and 51-65 show a slight improvement but still remains lower than those of non-disabled staff.

Dental

Registered



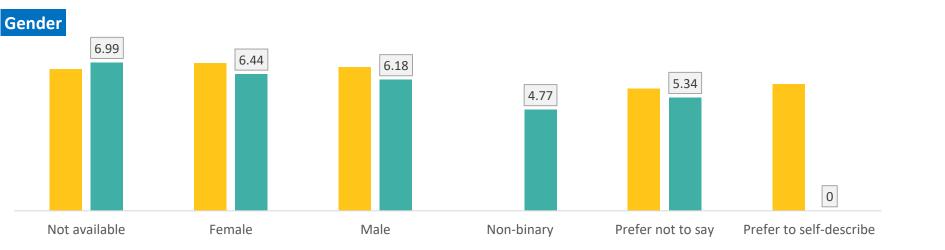
Scientists

Disabled staff within Nursing and Midwifery Registered roles report the highest engagement scores compared to other disabled staff groups. Disabled staff in Administrative and Clerical positions show slightly higher engagement compared to other groups. Healthcare Scientists and Allied Health Professionals groups show engagement scores that are relatively close to each other, but disabled staff still report lower levels of engagement disabled staff in

Sodexo Student groups recorded no scores.

Manchester University

NHS Foundation Trust



Ancillary

Technic

Services

and Clerical

Disabled female staff show a relatively low engagement score. Disabled male staff report even lower engagement scores than disabled females. Disabled non-binary staff report an extremely low engagement score. The engagement score for disabled staff who prefer to self-describe is not recorded an dis at 0.

WDES Metric 9b



Has your Organisation taken action to facilitate the voices of disabled staff in your organisation to be heard (yes or no)?

For significant improvements to be achieved against the WDES metrics, it is essential that the voices of disabled staff continue to be heard loud and clear. MFT has taken the following actions to facilitate the voices of disabled staff to be heard:

Staff Network & Engagement Group

The Trust now has a variety of Staff Networks including the Diverse Abilities Network (DAN), which is supported by the Disability Engagement Group, (DEG) chaired by a HR Director, providing senior leadership support to the voice of the group. The Trust is undertaking a review of staff networks for all protected characteristics and how they can best be supported, to enhance the support they provide to staff and in turn, to deliver effective services, through our diverse workforce, to our diverse patients and service users. A Staff Network Development Session and a staff network Sumit was held in September 2023 and 2024, with all Staff Network Chairs, facilitated by the Organisational Development Team and the EDI Team, to form the guidance for the future development of the staff networks. Discussions included Protected time, Network Models and key challenges. The Trust's Chief Executive, Mark Cubbon, now meets with Staff Network chairs as a group on a quarterly basis to discuss progress and improvements. The members of DAN and DEG also attend senior strategic meetings, such as the Workforce Strategic Equality Group, chaired by the Group Executive Director of Workforce & Corporate Resources and the Group Equality Diversity and Human Rights Committee, chaired by the Joint Group Medical Director, to discuss and escalate the high areas of risk.

Reasonable adjustments: A Reasonable adjustments profile has been embedded within Empactis Health Manager in order to manage employee health and wellbeing. The profile is a tool to record discussions and actions agreed about reasonable adjustments and to identify possible referrals into the Employee Health and Wellbeing service.

Neurodiversity Task & Finish Group: There is a growing awareness of the unique adjustments required for colleagues who are neurodiverse. HR colleagues created Task and finish groups, focusing on recruitment, training, procurement and policy, to provide greater understanding of how managers can support colleagues. The EDI Team is also establishing a neurodiversity staff network to support staff.

Bullying Harassment & Abuse: The Workplace Bullying, Harassment and Abuse Task and Finish Group reconvened in 2023. The outcomes of the Group will be closely monitored and embedded within NHS England's EDI Improvement Plan, to address High Impact Action 6, which is to 'Create an environment that eliminates the conditions in which bullying, discrimination, harassment and physical violence at work occur. The Chair of DAN attends and staff that have experienced bullying, harassment, abuse and discrimination will be encouraged to attend, to inform discussion and create solutions.

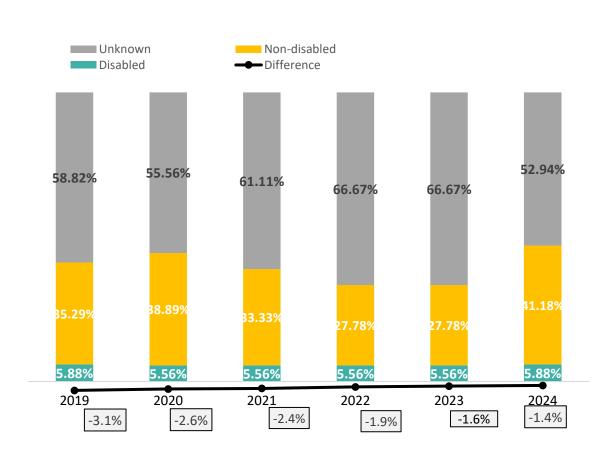
Executive Sponsors: The Trust assigned each Board member to act as an Executive Sponsor for our staff networks which represents the protected characteristics. This is enabling dedicated and targeted leadership support, providing accountability and governance from senior leaders, reinforcing the commitment to improving lived experiences and developing an inclusive leadership culture.

WDES Metric 10



Percentage difference between the organisation's board membership and its organisation's overall workforce, disaggregated:

- by voting and non-voting membership of the board
- by executive and non-exec membership of the board.





For percentage difference, value of:

- A value of 0.0 means that the percentage of disabled members on the board of directors is exactly the same as the percentage of disabled staff in the workforce.
- A positive value means that the percentage of disabled members on the board of directors is higher than in the workforce, and
- A negative value means that the percentage of Disabled members on the board of directors is lower than in the workforce.
- These calculations are made for all board members considered together, as well as for voting members and executive members considered separately.

Year Categor	Cotogowy	Headcount				Percentage		
	Category	Disabled	Non-disabled	Unknown	Total	Disabled	Non-disabled	Unknown
2024	Exec	1	3	4	8	12.50%	37.50%	50.00%
2024	Non-exec	0	4	5	9	0.00%	44.44%	55.56%

- · All board members have voting membership.
- The number of disabled voting board members has improved a bit from **5.56%** to **5.88%** this year.
- Out of 17 board members there is only 1 (Exec board member) declaration of disability.
 Disabled board members were at least proportionately represented on the board in terms of headcount.
- 53% of board members have not recorded their status.

Key Areas of Progress and Actions for Next 12 Months



Culture Change

Diversity Matters Strategy: The EDI Team are developing the Trust's EDI strategy – 'Diversity Matters 2024-2028'. Consultation has taken place with Workforce, patients and service users and with the communities. The refreshed strategy will reflect an understanding of the WRES data to improve the experience of ethnically diverse colleagues across the Trust. The Strategy will be published in early 2025 and shared with our workforce and communities.

Reasonable Adjustments Profile & webinars

Reasonable adjustments: A Reasonable adjustments profile has been embedded within Absence Management Health Manager in order to manage employee health and wellbeing. The profile is a tool to record discussions and actions agreed about reasonable adjustments and to identify possible referrals into the Employee Health and Wellbeing service.

Accessible Information Standard

Accessible Information Standard: A robust AIS Framework has been developed as part of the AIS Steering Group Committee, to ensure full compliance, which focuses on each of the AIS National objectives. Two subgroups have been created to focus on Booking and Scheduling and Electronic Patient Record (EPR) systems (HIVE and EMIS) which is enabling targeted work around these areas.

Neurodiversity

There is a growing awareness of the unique adjustments required for colleagues who are neurodiverse. HR colleagues created Task and finish groups, focusing on recruitment, training, procurement and policy, to provide greater understanding of how managers can support colleagues. The EDI Team is also establishing a neurodiversity staff network to support staff.

ESR Declaration Campaign

The Trust has undertaken additional engagement with the Disabled workforce through the delivery of an engagement and communications campaign to increase declaration rates via ESR. The insights collected from Disabled staff will inform a programme of work designed to develop an inclusive workplace for Disabled staff directed by Disabled staff. The ESR campaign included information and guidance on how to access ESR to update Disabled status, and where to gain support to address accessibility needs. Messages regarding the importance of declaration have been added to pay slips to target as many staff as possible. The campaign will be refreshed and relaunched to include other protected characteristics, where there are still challenges in improving declaration.

Key Areas of Progress and Actions for Next 12 Months





The Trust assigned each Board member to act as an Executive Sponsor for our staff networks which represents the protected characteristics. This is enabling dedicated and targeted leadership support, providing accountability and governance from senior leaders, reinforcing the commitment to improving lived experiences and developing an inclusive leadership culture.

NHS Employers' Diversity in Health & Care Partners Programme 23/24: The Trust participated in the NHS Employers' Diversity in Health & Care Partners Programme 23/24. The Programme supports health and care organisations to create more inclusive workplace cultures, where uniqueness of beliefs, backgrounds and ways of living are welcomed and celebrated. The programme provided access to leading industry experts, good practice, guidance, resources and networking opportunities.

Capacity to deliver objectives

EDI Team Restructure: The EDI team restructure is now complete but existing vacancies are hoping to be filled once the corporate service review is finalised at the end of 2024.

Recruitment and career progression

The MFT Widening Participation Team continued to deliver exceptional supported opportunities to attract the best of the talent Manchester has to offer. The Trust offer supported Internships and employment-based study programmes, to give students the opportunity to develop employability skills. MFT has operated a Supported Internship programme for over 10 years in partnership with a local non-profit support provider and several local educational facilities. The Trust now hosts interns across North Manchester, Trafford, Oxford Road and Wythenshawe sites making it one of the largest employer hosts in the country. 23% of the pre-employment students and 100% of the interns declared as disabled. The scheme typically sees around 50-60% of learners gaining paid employment at the end of the programme.

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Action Plan for Next 12 Months



Action	By When	By Who
Renew Diversity Matters Strategy 2024-2028	31 st March 2025	EDI Team
Diversity Matters Working Group	31st December 2024	EDI Team and Partners from across the Trust
Deliver EDI Improvement Plan (Addressing all the High Impact Actions)	Throughout 2025	EDI Team and Partners from across the Trust
Implement new Staff Network Policy	31st May 2025	EDI Team
Implement process to record discrimination incidents/concerns on Ulysses	31st March 2025	EDI Team, Human Resources, Estates and Facilities Team
Declaration Campaign	31st January 2025	EDI Team



We would really appreciate feedback and suggestions for improvements on this report

Please contact the Equality Diversity & Inclusion Team via the email address below

equality@mft.nhs.uk